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MANCHESTER, CONN., FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1919.

Try THE HERALD'S WANT COL-
UMNS. Cost one cent per word for
first insertion, half cent thereafter.

PRICE TWO CENTS

STATE LINES CRIPPLED BY STRIKE SHOPMEN SAY THEY WILL STAY OUT

Voters Hold Hot Meeting On Building Line Wrangle

Meeting Votes to Discontinue
Portion of Main St.—Victory
for Holl and Sheridan
—Big Crowd Hears Invol-
ved Arguments — Nothing
Personal in Anybody's Re-
marks, But—

At the close of a special town meeting, in which the speakers insisted on wriggling out from under the fatherly supervision of Chairman E. L. G. Hohenthal and calling each other names, it was voted last night to approve the discontinuance of a section of Main street between Pearl and Bissell streets.

Every seat in the Town Hall was filled and fully a hundred men had to stand through the long three hours of argument and counter-argument accusation and retort, hot assertion and prompt denial.

The discussion was started by William S. Hyde who appeared as attorney for E. J. Holl and John F. Sheridan but who also declared that his remarks might be taken as representing his personal views as well as his professional opinion.

Mr. Hyde reviewed the history of the building line which has given rise to the entire controversy and told how the selectmen endorsed a map made by town engineer George A. Johnson as indicating a correct lay-out of the street lines but later adopted a written description of the lines which did not coincide with the drawing on the map.

In 1910, said Mr. Hyde, a building was built by E. J. Holl upon a line given by the then town engineer, Leroy Ulrich. A year later, Mr. Hyde told the meeting, John F. Sheridan decided to build on a neighboring lot and he received the same line that had been laid down for Mr. Holl.

Some time after this, according to Mr. Hyde, Aaron Johnson built a building there and he obtained a line from the town engineer based on the written description which was different from that granted in the two former cases.

Mistake by Someone.
"It is evident that a mistake was made by someone," said Mr. Hyde. "The question is, who made it?" He then went on to say that there was the written description of a line on which Mr. Johnson had built but this description states that it is describing a line on the map, which is the line that was used by Messrs. Holl and Sheridan. The hitch comes in the fact that the line of the description and the line of the map are not the same, although the description says they are.

Mr. Hyde thought it evident that the selectmen had made a mistake but what interested him was how it was to be remedied.

"There are two ways," declared Mr. Hyde, "in which we can seek a remedy." One is by voting a discontinuance as stated in the motion before this meeting and the other is by resorting to an expensive lawsuit. These are the two alternatives."

Nothing Personal—Oh, No!
Mr. Hyde then declared that he had no desire to criticize the present board of selectmen. In fact this statement was more or less of a formula by which every speaker introduced his remarks. The approved method seemed to be to get up and say something like this:—Mr. Chairman, I have no personal feeling in this matter, and I want it distinctly understood that none of my remarks are to be taken as criticizing

U. S. STOCK IN FRANCE
SOLD FOR \$400,000,000.
Paris, Aug. 8.—All American foodstuffs and all the equipments installed by the Americans in France such as automobiles and railway lines, have been sold to the French government for \$400,000,000, according to a statement by Marcel Hutin, famous French economic expert in the Echo de Paris today. Payment has been deferred to avoid losses through the exchange market, M. Hutin said.

GIRL SHOTS DOCTOR WHEN HE SPURNS HER

Said He Had Ruined Her
After Promise to
Marry.

KILLS HIM IN STREET

States She Had Been Engaged to
Him Two Years—Has Letters to
Prove.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 8.—Declaring she shot Dr. Henry Zimmerman because he ruined her and then refused to marry her, Miss Jennie Zimmerman, 25, made a complete confession of the shooting and the events leading up to it local police officials declared today.

Miss Zimmerman who shot and killed Dr. Zimmerman in Ferry street yesterday afternoon at the conclusion of a short and heated interview, said that she had been engaged to the physician for two years and that their relations were happy until March, when suddenly he became cool towards her and declared he would have nothing more to do with her.

At that time Dr. Zimmerman was in the service as a Lieutenant in the Medical Corps and was stationed in a Virginia camp. He declined to visit her, she said, and on the infrequent occasions when she succeeded in seeing him declared he was through with her, despite her assertion that she was in a delicate condition.

She possesses letters to show that the physician promised to marry her she said.

Following Dr. Zimmerman's return to the city Monday, she said, she tried to see him but failed. She reached him by telephone, she said, but he was violently abusive, declared he would have no more to do with her. It was then she declared, that she bought the revolver and a supply of cartridges, determined, she said, to bring about his promise to marry her or to take his life. After the phone conversation yesterday she saw him drive by her in an automobile with two young women, one of whom, the police have been informed, he was engaged to marry.

The car turned into Ferry street and stopped and Dr. Zimmerman stepped to the sidewalk. Rushing to him, Miss Zimmerman grasped his arm and cried: "You cannot go with them Harry, you must go with me."

He threw her arm off, she said, and declared he was determined to have nothing further to do with her. She tried to reason with him but he would not listen, she said.

"For the last time," she demanded, "are you going to do anything for me?"

The physician turned with an oath, she said, and declared: "No, I won't and you can go as far as you like."

He turned away and she shot him, she said, as he turned.

MOBS OF STRIKERS ATTACK B. R. T. CARS IN GENERAL RIOTS

Surface Traffic on Brooklyn
Lines is Practically
at Standstill.

WOMEN HAUL MOTORMEN OFF PLATFORM OF CARS

Representative of Road Refuses to
Treat With Strikers—Let Them
Tie Up Every Car, He Says.

New York, Aug. 8.—The street railway strike of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit employees was more serious today than at any other time since it was called. Less than 15 surface cars were being operated during the morning and so menacing that the strikers became that the policemen on board the cars were increased from one to five.

Two car trains, heavily loaded with the policemen were being operated at frequent intervals on the elevated lines.

Crews Desert Cars.
Mobs of women attacked several car barns in Brooklyn where non-strikers were preparing to take out cars. The motormen and conductors were pulled off by main force and finally fled leaving their cars to the mercy of the crowds.

Offer Double Pay.
Double crews were placed on the few surface cars that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company sent out during the morning. The company attempted to get the subway service as far back towards normal as possible and had advertised for husky young men to work at double pay.

No sooner had the surface cars begun to crawl from the barns than trouble started. Bricks, stones and other missiles were hurled at them and the streets of the Flatbush Sec-



Lindley Garrison.
Refuses to Treat With B. R. T.
Strikers.

tion of Brooklyn, where the heaviest traffic is hauled, was soon filled with broken glass.

Nearly 500 additional policemen were sent to Brooklyn from Manhattan. At the same time Deputy Police Commissioner William J. Leahy said that a most vigorous policy would be adopted to protect the non-strikers and the passengers on the cars from mob violence.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company refuses to have any dealings at all with the union.

"I won't treat with them if they tie up every car in the service," Garrison was today quoted as saying.

Men Will Not Return Until Wage Demands Have Been Granted—Roads Forced to Cut Down Service—Boston's Supply of Milk and Ice Cut Low—Automobile Delivery Resorted To— What the Strikers Want.

Boston, Aug. 8.—Defiance by 20,000 New England railroad shopmen of President Wilson's ultimatum that the strikers must return to work before the government will consider their demands, today brought New England face to face with the greatest industrial crisis in its history.

"The men have been bluffed so much in this wage matter that they trust nobody but themselves. They will not return to work until their demands have been granted," was the reply of the local leaders to the President's statement.

Will Not Return.

Local strike leaders today received instructions from B. M. Jewell, acting president of the American Federation of Labor, to order the strikers to return to work at once.

"While President Wilson may have all the respect in the world for him, the men will not return to work until their wage demands have been granted," said a statement issued by the striker committee.

Outstanding developments at the opening of the second day of the strike were:

- 1—Cessation of suburban train services on the New York, New Haven and Hartford and Boston and Maine railroads out of Boston.
- 2—Heavy jam of passenger traffic on the Boston Elevated and Bay State trolley lines.
- 3—Fear of an ice and milk famine in Boston. The city's ice supply will be exhausted within 24 hours, while 90 per cent of its milk is transported here by rail. Announcement by railroads that they hope to keep milk trains running.
- 4—Statement by New Haven Road that all operation might have to be suspended.
- 5—Embargo on all save perishable freight by the Boston and Maine and the New Haven systems.
- 6—Sharp curtailment of parlor and dining car service on the two New England lines.
- 7—Establishment of an automobile delivery system from Boston to assure the transportation of foodstuffs to the city.
- 8—Employment of additional cars by the street railway lines to cope with the enormous traffic diverted to them by the strike.
- 9—Extension of the strike by the walkout of shopmen, couplers and inspectors on the Boston and Albany system.
- 10—Declaration by the railroad officials that the action of the strikers is illegal in that no demands have been made upon them and that the walkout has been made against the wishes of the union leaders.
- 11—Statement by the strikers' committee that they have waited in vain since last October for the board of wages and working conditions of the Railroad Administration to act on their wage demands. The demands, they state are for a wage of 85 cents an hour for mechanics, instead of their present wage of 68 cents; 60 cents an hour for helpers, instead of 45 cents; and the increases to date from January 1, 1919.

NO MORE SAMPLING.
Hartford, Aug. 8.—Deputy Dairy and Food Commissioner H. O. Daniels of Middletown announced today that all "sampling" by his department would be discontinued until the railroad situation is cleared up.

Danger of Strike Dwindles Following Wilson Warning

Puts Strike Up to Director
General—Declares Question of
Wages Will Be
Taken Up—Nothing Will
Be Done Until Men Return
to Work, Declares President—
Says Strike Will
Keep Up High Prices.

Washington, Aug. 7.—President Wilson has decided to deal as he "thinks best with the difficult question of the wages of certain classes of the railroad employees."

The President came to this decision after a letter which he received from Senator Cummins, chairman of the committee on interstate commerce, and he notified Director General Hines to take up the demands of the railway shop employees and decide them on their merits.

The letter from President Wilson to Director General Hines follows:

Wilson's Letter.
The president's letter follows: "My Dear Director-General: I am just in receipt of the letter from Senator Albert B. Cummins, chairman of the Senate committee on interstate commerce, which sets me free to deal as I think with the difficult question of the wages of certain classes of railway employees, and I take advantage of the occasion to write you this letter, in order that I may, both in the public interest and in the interests of the railroad employees themselves, make the present situation as clear and definite as possible.

"I thought it my duty to lay the question in its present pressing form before the committee of the Senate, because I thought I should not act upon this matter within the brief interval of government control remaining without their acquiescence and approval. Senator Cummins' letter, which speaks the unanimous judgment of the committee, leaves me free and indeed imposes upon me the duty to act.

"The question of the wages of railroad shopmen was submitted, you will remember, to the board of railroad wages and working conditions of the railroad administration last February but was not reported upon by the board until the 16th of July. The delay was unavoidable because the board was continuously engaged in dealing with several wage matters affecting classes of employees who had not previously received consideration. The board now having apprised us of this inability, at any rate for the time being, to agree upon recommendation, it is clearly our duty to proceed with the matter in the hope of disposing of it.

Up to Director General.
"You are therefore authorized to say to the railroad shop employees that the question of wages they have raised will be taken up and considered on its merits by the director-general in conference with their duly accredited representatives. I hope that you will make it clear to the men concerned that the railroad administration cannot deal with problems of this sort or with any problems affecting the men, except through the duly chosen international officers of the regularly constituted organization and their authorized committees.

Men Are at Fault.
Matters of so various a nature and affecting so many men cannot be dealt with except in this way. Any action which brings the authority of the authorized representatives of the organization into question or discredits it, must interfere with, if not

A. F. L. Leader Telegraphs
Unions of President's Decision—
Strike Was Never
Authorized He Says—Garretson
Tells How He Used
to Live on \$9 a Week—
Still Stands Firm for Public
Ownership of Roads.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Confidence that the striking railroad shopmen would return to work, in accordance with President Wilson's ultimatum, was expressed today by Bert M. Jewell, acting President of the Railroad Division of the American Federation of Labor, with which the strikers are affiliated.

Jewell has telegraphed all officers of the shop craft affiliated with the Federation, acquainting them with the President's assurance "that the question of wages they have raised will be taken up and considered on its merits," but only on the condition that the men return promptly to work.

"The strike was never authorized in the beginning, and we had urged the men to return," Jewell said today. "However, now that the President has spoken, I have little doubt that they will go back."

J. J. Forrester, President of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, freight handlers, express and steamship employees, which is now taking a strike vote returnable September 8, indicated today that the ballot would be proceeded with, unless future developments warranted its withdrawal. But at the same time he made it plain that no strike before the return of the ballot would be tolerated.

Contemplated No Strike.

The heads of the big four brotherhoods have insisted that they have contemplated no strike. Warren S. Stone, head of the Locomotive Engineers, emphasized this before the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee conducting hearings on the Plumb plan for government ownership and tripartite operation of the railroads. A. B. Garretson, for years president of the Railway conductors made the same assertion in an interview today.

Garretson is recognized as a power among the four great railroad labor brotherhoods, and is credited with forcing through Congress, in conjunction with the other brotherhoods, the Adamson eight-hour day law, two years ago. Mr. Garretson is now retired and the order of railway conductors is headed by L. E. Sheppard.

At the request of the brotherhoods, Garretson came to Washington, however, to testify before the House Committee on the Plumb plan.

Wants Public Ownership.

"I have not even heard a suggestion among railroad workers for a strike should Congress refuse to grant government ownership," he said today. "With all the defects of government operation during the war the 2,000,000 employees represented through the railroad unions are absolutely convinced that the railroads should be run at cost to the public through the government and not be returned to the old controlling interests, which are waiting again to mulct the public," he added. "Anything may come out of the unrest existing in this country from the high cost of living and the profiteering in living necessities," he continued. "Who could have foreseen the revolution in Russia, in Ger-

Strikers Inclined to Disregard President's Request that They Return to Jobs— Meriden Hard Hit—Hun- dreds on Vacation Find Trains Laid Off—New Haven Officials Place Em- bargo on Freight—Will Try to Handle Foodstuffs.

New Haven, Aug. 8.—Curtailment of 102 passenger trains including the Knickerbocker and Merchants' Limited trains, all dining car service, all Pullman car service, except through sleepers from New York and Boston and all special baggage car service, commencing this morning, caused the greatest congestion of passenger and baggage traffic ever known at New Haven Road terminals this morning. Announcement was made early today of the discontinuance of these trains and it was stated at the offices of the New Haven Road here this forenoon that officials were still working on a revision of the schedules.

The State of Maine, White Mountain and Bar Harbor expresses will be cut off on Saturday, hampering the convenience of thousands of vacationists who are on their way to New England resorts.

Stations and ticket offices at the various stations and terminals of the road were swarming with anxious travelers early this forenoon and the officials were kept busy answering questions and taking care of the crush.

EMBARGO ON N. H.

New York, Aug. 8.—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company today put an embargo on freight to facilitate the handling of foodstuffs and other necessities.

The following statement was given out at the offices of the road: "The order for an embargo was put on in order to control the movement of freight so that arrangements may be made which are being done now to give preference to the handling of foodstuffs and the shipments of necessities."

MERIDEN HARD HIT.

Meriden, Aug. 8.—Meriden was hit hard and unexpectedly today by the railroad shopmen's strike. Sixteen passenger trains are cut off, all railway express discontinued and manufacturers say that if the embargo on all freight except milk and food continues only a short time, they will have to close their plants. Commuters were delayed for hours by the unannounced changes in the New Haven road time table.

GASOLINE DEALERS WILL FEEL POWER OF LAW

Many State Dealers Have Failed to
Take Out Licenses as Required
Says Commissioner.

Hartford, Aug. 8.—Warning was given by Motor Vehicle Commissioner Robbins B. Stoeckel today that the department would make prosecutions throughout the state on Monday in the cases of retail gasoline dealers who are selling gasoline without a state license.

It was announced by the Gasoline Registration Department this morning that fully one-half of the retail gasoline dealers in the state had failed to comply with the law requiring them to take out licenses although the law was repeatedly brought to their attention by representatives of the department.

It is expected that the first prosecutions will be made in Bridgeport, New Haven and Hartford as these cities are said to have the largest number of dealers who have ignored the new law.

(Continued on Page 7.)

Continued on Page 8.

O'Leary's

887 Main St.

Saturday Bakery Specials

Coffee Rings, Raisin Bread, Rye Bread, Brown Bread.

Cooked Food Department

Will have a full assortment of cooked meats including our Spiced Baked Ham. Nothing nicer for lunch or sandwiches.

Gobel's Frankforts, summer sausage and meat specialties.

Our own Baked Beans.

Butter, Eggs, Milk and Cream.

The New York Market

The Place you can always get the Best of High grade meats and groceries

Table listing various meats and their prices: Top Round Steak .44c, Bottom Round Steak .42c, Short Steak .45c-48c, Sirlion Steak .45c, Shoulder Steak .35c, Pot Roast .30c to 40c lb, Veal Stew .28c, Calves' Liver .40c, Special Corned Beef .25c lb, Smoked Shoulder .28c, Pig's Feet .20c lb, Sliced Ham .55c, Liberty Steak .25c lb, Veal Steak .45c, Veal Chops .35c-38c, Roast Pork .38c, Pork Chops .43c, Leg of Lamb .38c, Loin Lamb Chops .43c, Lamb Stew .28c, Beef Liver .15c, Tripe .18c, Bacon .46c, Bacon Sliced .48c, Fowl .40c.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—Royal Lunch Crackers 18c lb. We carry a full line of Groceries. VEGETABLES AND FRUITS at prices that are always right.

Andisio Bros. Props. Successors to B. Ansaldi.

Vegetables and Fruits

For Canning and Preserving

We can supply you with fresh vegetables and fruits in any quantity for preserving.

Ball Ideal Fruit Jars

Our Vegetable and Fruit list today includes everything in season and all of the best.

Native Peaches, Breakfast and Honey Dew Melons, Watermelons, Apples, Pears and Grapes.

Pure Olive Oils, Mazola and Wesson Oil.

Reylander's

Magnell Building. Next to Watkins Brothers.

Special for Saturday

CHOCOLATE COVERED CHERRIES

Half Pound 29cts. Full Pound 49cts

Magnell Drug Co.

The Prescription Druggists

ODERMANN'S GARAGE

NELSON COURT, OFF DEPOT SQUARE

(Near of A. & P. Store)

GENERAL AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING AND OVERHAULING

Experienced on Electrical Work. Satisfaction Guaranteed

JOHN ODERMANN

BELOVED VAGABOND BACK TO HIS OLD HOME TOWN

Globe Trotter Tells Tales of Cities in Many Climes and of the Mysterious West.

Michael Steiner of "The Heights" has returned from a continental tour. Mike has been away from home about nineteen months and during this time he has visited practically every city of importance in the United States.

Mike was at one time a familiar figure in John Benche's pool room on Oak street. His greatest ambition, aside from that of being a pool shark, was to visit the haunts of Buffalo Bill and other equally famous yellow novel heroes.

Get Kodaks and Films at McNamara's Pharmacy, Johnson Block. Developing and printing.—adv.

Take a Kodak on that vacation trip. Kodak agency. Full supply of film at Balch & Brown Pharmacy.—adv.

At C. H. Tryon's Sanitary Market

Telephone 441

MEATS

Legs of Lamb 38c lb. Rib Roast Beef 38c lb. Pot Roast Beef 35c lb. Home Dressed Fowl, 4 to 5 lbs. 48c lb. Veal Roast 35c to 40c lb. Veal Cutlet 58c lb. Veal Stew 27c lb. Pork Chops 45c lb. Honey Comb Tripe 18c lb. Smoked Shoulders 32c lb.

GROCERIES

White Loaf Flour, 1-8 barrel sack, \$1.75. Light Brown Sugar 11c lb. No. 3 Large Cans Sweet Potatoes 25c can. Kaffo Corn Syrup 14c can. Sugar Cane Syrup 95c gal. Libbey Condensed Milk 15c can. Campbell Baked Beans, 2 cans for 25c.

All kinds Campbell Soups 10c can. Lemon Pie Filling 10c can. Faust Instant Coffee 30c can. 3 lbs. Lunch Crackers 50c. Frisbie's Home Made Cookies 15c dozen.

Temple Garden Coffee 38c lb. Savarona Coffee 40c lb. Union Club Coffee 40c lb. Pint Jars Marshmallows 28c. Heinz Cooked Saurkraut 10c can. Home Made Peanut Butter 30c lb. Potato Chips 15c box. Pimento and Olive Cheese 10c jar. First Prize Nut Margarine 35c lb. Jelly Tumblers 40c dozen. Parafine Wax 17c lb.

FRUITS

Cantaloupe 18c and 20c each. Bartlett Pears 45c dozen. Apples 3 quarts for 25c. Grape Fruit 15c each. Oranges 75c dozen. Bananas 12c lb.

VEGETABLES

Yellow Bantam Corn 28c dozen. Sweet Corn, Early Crosby, 28c dozen. Wax Beans, 4 quarts for 25c. Tomatoes 3 lbs for 25c. Cucumbers 6 for 25c. Carrots 7c bunch. Beets 7c bunch. Red Onions 10c quart. New Cabbage 6c lb. Potatoes 60c peck. Summer Squash 7c each.

EVERYTHING FOR CANNING

Preserving Kettles, both enamel and aluminum. Boilers. Blanching Baskets. Jar Racks. Single Jar Holders. Mason Fruit Jars. Ideal Fruit Jars. Mason and Ideal Tops. Jar Rings, all kinds. Jar Fillers. Jelly Tumblers. Strainers, all kinds. Parowax. See our window display of Aluminum ware.

S. Marlow & Co. Corner Main St. and Brainard Place.

SELECTMEN HAD DECIDED TO RECOMMEND NO ACTION

Selectman Weldon Was Instructed at Special Meeting to Advise No Action Be Taken By Voters.

The Selectmen of the Town of Manchester met in special session at the Hall of Records last evening for the purpose of formulating a recommendation to be offered to the voters of the town at the special public hearing on the building line issue. This meeting was held prior to the special town meeting and after short debates Selectman Thomas H. Weldon, representing the board as temporary chairman in the absence of Selectman Aaron Johnson, was instructed to recommend to the voters of the town that no action be taken on the discontinuance of that portion of land under controversy.

In Favor of Court Action. Of the five selectmen present, Bowers, Taylor, Johnston, Rogers and Weldon, four seemed to be in favor of taking the issue to the courts. Selectman Bowers held out against this contending that the Selectmen had approved a description that did not follow the original map. He further stated that he did not believe the Superior Court had established a line from the Center, south and in conclusion moved that the Selectmen go before the voters with a recommendation that the portion under dispute be abandoned.

Feared Litigation. This motion, which was not seconded, was tabled and an informal discussion followed. Selectman Rogers said that he believed that if the town abandoned that line, more litigation would follow. Selectman Johnston following said that if he thought voting to discontinue the line would settle the question, he would so vote.

Selectman Taylor contended that it was not within the power of the town and board to change the line. "While it is very probable that the line would go for all time," said Mr. Taylor, "it is not the proper course to pursue. More litigation will follow and I think it should be settled in the courts. What I want to see is a permanent and proper line for all time." Mr. Rogers moved that Chairman Weldon be instructed to bring before the voters of the town, a recommendation that no action be taken. The motion was carried.

Petition for Sidewalk. A petition from R. N. Strong, et al. of Tolland Turnpike requesting that a gravel or ash sidewalk be laid to extend from the Vernon line to the stone bridge over the Hoekannum river, was referred to the Highway Committee. The petition from the Child's Welfare Society for the use of Center Park on September 13th, for an exhibition was referred to the Park Commissioner with a recommendation from the Selectmen that the request be granted. The meeting adjourned at 7.50.

ABOUT TOWN

A son was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Crain G. Heusser of Griswold street.

All Athletic players are requested to appear at the Mount Nebo grounds this evening for practice.

Miss Florence Walker, 353 Main street, has returned to town from a two weeks' vacation at Westbrook. The Misses Alice, Mabel and Gertrude Hauschild and the Misses Mary Balkert and Gertrude Teichert are spending two weeks at Ocean Beach near New London.

At a meeting of the Recreation Committee in the building last evening, Captain Phillip Cheney was elected chairman for the ensuing year and John H. Hyde, secretary.

A number of the people of the south end who were planning to go to the shore for the week end and who came over north to take the express trains were disappointed to find that the trains were taken off. They immediately took the trolley car for Hartford.

JAMES MORIARTY

James Moriarty, for many years a resident of Manchester, died late last night at St. Mary's Home in West Hartford. Mr. Moriarty was seventy years of age and death was due to the complications resulting from old age. He is survived by seven sons, Michael, Thomas F., Matthew, and Patrick of this town; Daniel, of New York, and James and John of Hartford.

The funeral services will be held from St. Mary's Home, Monday morning at nine o'clock and the burial will be in St. Bridget's cemetery.

The Great Sheridan MINSTRELS

...AT... LAUREL PARK

Entire week Aug. 11 to 18 One Big Scream

Dancing following Each Performance

Hatch's Orchestra Admission to Show and Dancing 25 cents Show begins promptly at 8 p. m.



For Accurate And Scientific Eye Sight Testing and Properly Fitted Glasses See TORIC LENSES

WALTER OLIVER Farr Block 915 Main Street South Manchester Hours 10 a. m. to 8.30 p. m. Telephone 39-3

Where the best Glasses are made

CHENEY CHECK BRINGS UP WAR BUREAU FUND

Half Way Mark Almost Reached—Drive Has Three Weeks to Run.

A check from Cheney Brothers for \$2,000 sent the War Bureau fund close to the half way mark. A number of other substantial checks have also aided the fund which now totals \$4,987. The drive has been on about two weeks and has still three weeks more to run. With practically half the amount obtained at this stage of the drive there is little doubt but what the town will easily go over the top in the quota for \$11,000. The list of recent subscribers together with the amounts previously reported follow:

Table listing subscribers and amounts: Cheney Brothers \$2,000, Mr. & Mrs. Clifford D. Cheney 100, Friends 100, Richard O. Cheney, Jr. 100, Mrs. Ellen C. Cheney 25, Jennie E. Watkins 10, G. H. Miller 10, William Risley 5, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Carlson 5, J. S. Neill 5, R. B. Dougan 3, Edward Turkington 2, W. J. Taylor 2, Mrs. Arlsted Jobert 2, Katherine M. Finlay 2, E. L. G. Hohenbhal, Jr. 2, James Sargent 2, Mrs. Charlie Olson 1, Mrs. Hilma Tomlinson 1, Alexander Massey 1, A. L. Geer 1.

Previously reported \$2,379 Total to date \$4,987

ONLY FEW DISCHARGES COMING TO WAR BUREAU

Men Still in Service Being Released Slowly—All Men Should Fill Out Two Records.

Honorable discharge reports have been coming in slowly at the War Bureau during the past week. In the past seven days but five men have been reported as honorably discharged from the service. These men are: First Class Private Walter Tedford, Private James Y. Munster, First Class Private George M. Burke, Second Lieutenant Max Bengs and Corporal Frank O. Carlson. This brings the total of honorable discharges since the signing of the armistice to 952.

Local ex-service men are reminded of the fact that in order to keep local and state files complete it is necessary for every man when he returns home to fill out a home service blank to be kept in the town record and a questionnaire which is sent to the historical records at the State Library in Hartford for permanent record.

A certificate, with name will be sent to every man who fills out one of these questionnaires. This is a personal memorial from the State of Connecticut. A supply of these certificates will be soon received at the local bureau for distribution.

AT THE PARK

SPECIAL ATTRACTION! TONIGHT ONLY! MABEL NORMAND

IN THE WORLD FAMED STAGE SUCCESS "SIS-HOPKINS"

OTHER FEATURES IN CONJUNCTION

TOMORROW BABY NAME OSBORNE RED GLOVE AND COMEDY

Classified Advertisements

IN THE EVENING HERALD

BARGAIN COLUMNS

BRING RESULTS

RATE—One cent a word for first insertion, one half cent a word for each subsequent insertion. The combined initials of a name, or the figures of a number count as one word. Minimum charge 20 cents.

For the accommodation of our patrons we will accept telephone advertisements for this column from any one whose name is on our books payment to be made at earliest convenience. In other cases cash must accompany order.

Read By 10,000 People

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Seven room single house on Main street, north end. Electric lights, steam heat and gas. Large lot with all kinds of fruit. Inquire Miss Gates, 76 Main street. Tel. 156-3.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for late model Buick Six—Dodge touring car 1916. Top, battery and rear Goodyear cord tires new. Everything in excellent condition. Box 3.

FOR SALE—Three burner New Perfection Oil Stove, \$7.00. Inquire 14 Middle Turnpike.

FOR SALE—Six weeks old pigs. Also hollers. Miller Brothers, 138 Spencer street. Phone 342-12.

FOR SALE—I have two bungalows Manchester Green. Price \$2,900 and \$3,900 with sleeping porch, extra large lots with garages. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Single house of 7 rooms off Center street, all improvements, including steam heat lot 1 1/2 feet deep. Price reasonable. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—15 minutes' walk from mills, a family house, all improvements. Price \$4,800 for quick sale. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Large single house of 8 rooms on Main street, all improvements, extra large lot and garage. A nice home. Price reasonable. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Single house of 6 rooms improvements, extra large lot, fruit trees, large home. Off Oakland street. Price \$4,250, easy terms. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—New bungalow will be finished within a month. 5 rooms and all improvements, on Belmont street. Price \$4,800. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Two family flat on Oakland street, near Main, all improvements including steam heat, hard wood finish. Price \$4,500, small amount of cash. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Two family 10 room house, all improvements. This is a bargain. Price \$4,500, small amount of cash. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Beautiful single house on Middle Turnpike, lot 100x167, fruit trees, large home. See this one, then you will buy. Wallace D. Robb, 853 Main St., Park building.

FOR SALE—Two hundred dozen Sure Seal Canning Jars, pints \$1.00, quarts \$1.10. Save 15 to 20 per cent by buying now. Donnelly's, 25 Cooper street.

FOR SALE—Here is a good buy, 10 room two family house, 15 1/2 feet front on North Main street, large barn, small house nearly completed, two good building lots, \$8,200 for quick sale. Small amount of cash, easy terms. Mark Holmes, 467 North Main street. Phone 298-12.

FOR SALE—Large building lot on Russell street, near Memorial hospital site. Terms very reasonable. Enquire at 96 Summit street.

FOR SALE—Wheeler & Wilson machine in good condition, Maynard two burner wickless stove. R. M. Crockett, 95 Russell street.

FOR SALE—New Potatoes \$2.65 bushel. Wood ready for stove \$10.00 cord, delivered. Inquire Greenway Farm, 28 Porter street. Phone 512-12.

FOR SALE—On North Main street, 10 room two family house, 20 per cent bargain, large garden, house in modern condition. Small amount of cash, money and easy terms for quick sale. Let me show you this place. Telephone 298-12.

FOR SALE—Two minutes from Main street story and half house, all improvements. Suitable for small family. Telephone 298-12.

FOR SALE—Nice little piece of about 1-2 acre of land, 5 room cottage, handy to trolley and mill. Price only \$2,800. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Chestnut wood, 4 feet and store length. Price, \$10.00. 375 Kenney street. Tel. 355-14.

FOR SALE—Two family house of 12 rooms, extra lot, convenient location. Price only \$2,800. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—One of the best 3 family flats in town, near the Center, heat, gas, light, beautifully laid out, hardwood floor. See it before it is sold. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Modern nine room house in fine location, convenient to trolley and stores, steam heat, bath, etc., large barn and garage, extra lot, fruit and shade trees. Price \$7,500. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—Large level building lot on Hamlin street. The price is only \$850. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—North of Center a good two family house of 10 rooms, heat, bath, etc., large lot. Price only \$4,000, easy terms. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—12 minutes' walk from mill, large three family house of 12 rooms, lights, bath, etc., large lot, \$4,500, easy terms. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—In Manchester, near state road, 17 acres of land, high elevation, just the place for a nice residence or small farm. Price \$1250. Some lumber for New House, \$250 extra. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—On high elevation, walking distance to trolley and Main street, nearly new bungalow, large rooms, fireplace, etc. Price \$4,200 including extra lots. Robert J. Smith, Bank Building.

FOR SALE—1916 Ford touring car in first class condition. Can be seen 108 Spruce street.

FOR SALE—Beautiful eight room cottage on Lewis street, all modern improvements. Garage. Bungalow. 15 Spring street. Telephone 445-2.

FOR SALE—Property with two houses and large barn, garage, etc., nearly two acres of land, one house has 12 rooms, 4 1/2 bathrooms. Price \$8,800, less than the value of one house. Easy terms. Edward J. Holl.

TO RENT

TO RENT—Tenement at No. 50 Summit street. All conveniences, including steam heat. Enquire on premises.

TO RENT—Furnished room with or without board. 38 Birch street.

FOR HIRE—7 passenger Studebaker for all occasions, day or night. Terms reasonable. Burton Slater, 212 Center street. Telephone 465-5.

WANTED

WANTED—20 or 30 men and boys for Saturday afternoon and Sunday. Come ready to work. The truck will be at the Center at 12.30 p. m. Saturday and 6.30 a. m. Sunday morning. Louis Radding, Lydall street.

WANTED—Girl or woman to assist with general house work, comfortable home, good pay, no laundry. Apply 158 East Center street.

WANTED—Boys from 14 to 18 years old to pick tobacco. Truck leaves Center at 8.30 and 4.45 at north end. Louis Radding, Lydall street.

WANTED—General housework girl for six weeks. Apply to Mrs. J. T. Bell, South Manchester, or phone 55-3.

WANTED—By Sept. 15, four or five room tenement by family of three.

WANTED—Two men boarders. Apply 38 Cottage street.

WANTED—A woman for general housework. Family of two. Address 133 Prospect street.

WANTED—Hotel Cowlins, newly renovated, wishes boarders. Plenty good healthy food, nice clean rooms, for \$2.00 per week. Only the best of materials used and cooked by an expert. Give us a trial.

WANTED—Salesladies to work in store. Good pay. Apply at once. A. E. 849 Main street.

WANTED—Two boys, a girl to learn how to loop and a girl to run sewing machine, good pay. The Glassbury Knitting Co., Manchester Green.

WANTED—Women and girls. Employment Department, Cheney Brothers, 277 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS

GIVEN AWAY—A few loads of good chip dirt, suitable for filling. Apply to Blatter and Goodale, North End Wood Yard.

LOST

LOST OR STOLEN—Pass-book No. 10,126 The Savings Bank of Manchester. All persons are cautioned against purchasing or negotiating the same, and any person having a claim to said pass-book is hereby called upon to present the same to the said The Savings Bank of Manchester on or before November 5, 1919, or submit to having said pass-book declared canceled and extinguished, and a new book issued in lieu thereof.

BASEBALL

BASEBALL Mt. Nebo Grounds

SUNDAY, AUGUST 10TH

ATHLETICS vs GILBERT AND BARKER

of Springfield

Colgate's Vacation vacation toilet necessities for vacation travel at Balch & Brown Pharmacy

FINAL SHOWING TONIGHT

CIRCLE

Evelyn-Nesbit-Thaw-And-Her-Son-Russell-In-Her Latest Picture

"HER MISTAKE"

Also: "The Benefactor"

Tomorrow: "The Usurper" "Tiger's Trail" - "Pathe News" Two Reel Comedy

End of Season's Bargains on WHITE SHOES

18 Pairs Ladies' \$3.75 High White Shoes, to close out at \$2.50

12 Pairs Ladies' \$2.50 High White Shoes \$1.90

10 Pairs Ladies' \$2.50 White Oxfords \$1.75

50 Pairs Ladies' \$2.50 Pumps \$1.50

10 Pairs \$2 Ankle Ties \$1.50

Misses' \$2 Button and Lace White Shoes \$1.50

Broken Lot Misses Ankle Ties \$1.15

Children's \$1.75 High White Shoes \$1.25

Broken Lots Men's Keds in White, brown and black. .85c

Charles Kuhr

20 BISSELL ST. Just a step from Main

OWN YOUR OWN HOME

Call at our office and we will show you plans for modern homes suitable for your needs

We'll build to suit your demands

We charge nothing for services

Let us explain our proposition

THE MANCHESTER LUMBER CO.

DEALERS IN LUMBER, MASON'S SUPPLIES AND COAL

THE C. W. KING CO.

SUCCESSOR TO G. H. ALLEN

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LUMBER, COAL, MASON'S SUPPLIES

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THE C. W. KING CO.

TELEPHONE 126, MANCHESTER

The Bracelet Watch is an Ornamental Utility

Our assortment contains the newest examples of goldsmithing skill and design.

The movements are all high grade and built to go.

The Dewey-Richman Co.

JEWELERS—STATIONERS—OPTICIANS

845 MAIN STREET

"The House of Value"

Circle Theater

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and her son Russell will be seen for the last time on the screen at the Circle Theatre this evening in her latest photodramatic triumph, "Her Mistake." This production was well received by Circle patrons yesterday and there is but little doubt but what a capacity audience will view the picture this evening. In addition there is scheduled for presentation, "The Benefactor," a four reel Edison special together with a first run comedy.

Tomorrow comes the big ten reel Saturday bill which includes, "The Usurper," a Vitagraph master-play with Earle Williams; an episode of that Pathe thriller, "The Tiger's Trail," the latest Pathe News and a brand new two reel comedy. The excellence of the Circle's Saturday bills needs no introduction.

The Usurper was one of the most noteworthy stage successes of the late Nat Goodwin. It has been brought to the screen by Vitagraph in a splendid manner.

Mr. Williams has a splendid role of action in this drama, which is strong in mystery. At the outset he is a young American ranchman who rides hard and saves the life of a young English girl by lassoing her from the side of a cliff.

Later, he leases an old castle in England and again meets this girl, the fiancée of an unworthy nobleman. He becomes entangled in a murder mystery and determines to save this girl from the marriage, which he does by imprisoning her in a haunted tower the night she was to have eloped. She learns the true character of her fiancée and is won by the American.

Park Theater

"Sis Hopkins" known to all the world as one of the greatest of American plays, will be presented in screen form at the Park Theatre this evening with Mabel Normand in the leading role. It is considered the greatest picture that Miss Normand has ever produced and was originally intended for a state right's special. Goldwyn exhibitors, however, put forth a wall of protest and in consequence the picture was placed on the regular program so that it could be presented at popular prices. In addition to this feature the latest Ford Weekly will be shown and also a first run comedy.

Her real name is Siseretta Hopkins, but she is called "Sis" for short. Awkward, gawky, the laughing stock of the village of New Harmony, she is loved by her rheumatic old father and Ridy Scarboro, clerk in the general store. Her outlandish get-ups and absurd attempts to be stylish make Sis's appearance on Main Street an event.

And her dog is devoted to her, too.

ART GEMS OF CAPITOL RE-TOUCHED AFTER 30 YEARS.

Washington, Aug. 8.—After more than thirty years of service the mural decorations in the United States capitol are being given a new dress.

When the Republicans returned to power in Congress they made some radical steps in the matter of maintenance of the capitol and one of the most radical was the issuance of an order that the mural decorations be re-done. For more than thirty years Brumedi, an Italian artist, worked on the mural decorations of the capitol building. The work was completed during Civil War times and has not been touched since. An artist is now at work retouching all of the mural decorations and bringing out some of the works of art that have gone unnoticed for years because of heavy coats of dust and dirt. Whether this artist will be able to finish the work is a matter of political conjecture, because it is estimated that it would take five years to complete the retouching, and who knows whether the Republicans will remain in office that long?

Another radical step taken by the Republicans was the opening of the marble baths in the Senate office building. Democrats kept these baths nailed up tight and contented themselves with the large marble bathtub that was used by Webster. Now the more modern baths with a fine marble swimming pool are open every day and, of course, Saturday nights.

RELEASE 600.

Political Prisoners at Budapest Get Their Freedom.

Budapest, Aug. 7.—(Delayed)—Six hundred political prisoners were released here today under a decree of general amnesty.

The new government, headed by Archduke Joseph, reveals that one million kronen, (about \$200,000) had been spent by the Bela Kun regime for propaganda in favor of a world revolution.

POLES TAKE MINSK.

Fortress Captured by Anti-Bolshevik Troops, Says Report.

Copenhagen, Aug. 8.—Polish forces fighting the Bolsheviks have occupied Minsk, formerly an important fortress on the Polish frontier, according to a dispatch from Warsaw today.

The Estonian forces have been compelled to retire slightly in the Yamburg sector, said an official report from the Estonian war office.

ACTORS WILL STRIKE FOR FULL RECOGNITION

Twelve New York Playhouses Could Not Open Last Night.

MANAGERS REFUSE CLAIM

Thousands of Patrons Turned Away—Strike May Extend to All Branches of Profession.

New York, Aug. 8.—Greater New York theatres for the legitimate drama may be dark tonight unless the managers meet the demands of the Actors' Equity Association, which has precipitated a strike unique in the country's history.

The Actors' Association, boasting a membership of 1,400, demands recognition from the Producing Managers' Association in the matter of contracts and other dealings between actors and managers. The managers' association has declared that it will no longer recognize the actors' organization as representative of the actors, and refuses to deal with it.

The strike of the actors last night, which resulted in the closing of twelve of New York's most important playhouses, the disappointing of fifteen to twenty thousand patrons and the loss of between thirty and fifty thousand dollars to the managements, came like a thunderbolt. The managers were unprepared for it and only one of the many theatres affected succeeded in staging its performance by the substitution of understudies.

In addition to the strike of the Actors' Equity Association another strike call has been sent out which may hold up all productions now being rehearsed.

The strike may extend to vaudeville, burlesque and the screen houses, also to stage hands, musicians and bill posters. It was reported today the actors have received the support of the American Federation of Labor and that \$1,000,000 has been pledged for carrying on the strike.

FEARS ATTACK ON LIFE.

King Ferdinand Postpones Visit to Budapest—Entente Said to be Hostile.

London, Aug. 8.—The arrival of King Ferdinand at Budapest to negotiate a union of Hungary and Roumania has been postponed owing to plots against his life and the unsympathetic attitude of the Entente, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Vienna today. Ferdinand was to have arrived in Budapest today.

Seventy thousand Roumanian soldiers are encamped at Budapest. The Royal castle has been occupied.

BRITTON-GRIFFITH BOUT.

Denver, Col., Aug. 8.—Jack Britton, world's welter-weight champion and Johnny Griffiths, of Akron, Ohio, fought a fast twelve round decision bout here last night. The bout was considered a draw by the majority of sporting writers at the ringside.

NEWLYWEDS DREAD 18.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 8.—Because apartment No. 13 is so hard to rent the number is being omitted from the city's newest and most modern apartment house. The numbers will skip from No. 12 to No. 14, so that newlyweds may have nothing to fear.

Can he keep his Wilson another term? By Morris

The Republican party will try to prohibit the renomination of Pres. Wilson.

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UNION'S LEADER SAYS STRIKE UNAUTHORIZED

(Continued from Page 1.)

many, the food riots in Italy? Government ownership under the Plumb plan is our fight against profiteering as it enters into the railroad phase of the situation.

"This cursed profiteering, this taking of blood money must stop.

"Why, who today is living on \$15 a week? No one, properly. But years ago, I supported a family on \$9 a week and I got more for that \$9 than I could for four times that amount now."

Referring to the great fortunes acquired through the railroad industry, such as that of Jay Gould, Mr. Garretson said:

"Every large fortune acquired through dividends and manipulations of railroads represents that much money that the public has paid toward private profits.

"Though some holders of small amounts of railroad securities would be undoubtedly glad to see the government purchase the railroads and their securities made safe, yet those controlling the roads are fighting against government ownership and are just waiting again to mulct the public."

MYSTERY CARGO TO THWART CERTAIN UNNAMED STATUTE.

San Francisco, Aug. 8.—Aridity, where is thy sting?

Unfurl the old top-gallant, kick the motor over once and let's aboard the condemned U. S. Customs boarding steamer Hartley for a trip to Mexico.

Business men here forming a very close corporation—exceedingly close—are removing the engines of the craft, substituting a kicker engine, and plan to make periodical trips to Mexico, where a heavy cargo will be loaded. There's a mystery about the cargo, too. Many prominent San Franciscans are applying for passage, "on the first trip, if possible."

"We'll load her up and lay in the stream," said one of those in on the deal. "Our cargo will be shipped in demijohns, jugs, bottles and other containers. Otherwise, I can say no more."

HERALD WANT ADS PAY

COAL

We have a small quantity of EXTRA LARGE SIZE PEA COAL, both in Old Company and Jeddo. Try a ton or two of this.

Heavy Trucking

Plenty of trucks. Prompt service.

G. E. Willis

2 MAIN ST. PHONE 50

Special This Week

A Real Bargain

\$3.50 AUTO PUMPS \$3.00

Ajax Inside Blow Out Patches 5 inch Patches 75c

4 1-2 inch Patches 65c

3 1-2 inch Patches 50c

If it is tires, oils, greases or Auto Supplies you want, I have them.

North End Auto Supply

M. Merz, Prop., Depot Square Phone 561

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Take Your Typewriter Troubles to D. W. CAMP

Typewriter Mechanic

P. O. Box 503 Hartford Phone Valley 172

Drop a postal and I will call

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Parties taken out. Furniture and Crockery Packed.

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ADAMS MONUMENTAL WORKS

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MANCHESTER GREEN

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WAR LOWERS BIRTH RATE IN GERMANY.

Geneva, Aug. 8.—Germany really lost 28,000,000 lives as a result of the war—6,000,000 soldiers and 22,000,000 in the decline of the birth rate—according to statistics made public by the German society for the study of social consequences of the war.

Austria's loss was put at five million.

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THE PACKERS SUIT.

The honest packers, retail meatmen of the same character, the stock raisers and the price ridden public will welcome the declaration of the government that legal action is to be promptly taken against the so-called meat combine.

If the packers have been sincere in their professions of innocence they have nothing to fear from the deepest investigation that can be made by government agents. They say that such is the case; they have been saying so for some time; now is their chance to prove that they may be taken at their word.

On the other hand, if the recent statements of the Federal Trade Commission can be substantiated before a legal tribunal the people have just grounds for grievance against the "Big Five" and the full rigor of the law should be invoked.

On the whole the public will have to be shown, for we have grown exceedingly skeptical of trust-busting. No longer is the great dissolution suit hailed as the dawn of a new day as it was back in the time of Roosevelt's slashing attacks on the "bad trusts."

THE H. C. OF S.

Another investigation of the Federal Trade Commission which bears a distinct relation to the work in connection with the packing industry is that into the reasons for the present prohibitive price of shoes. This is a matter that comes home to us all hardly less seriously than does the high price on food.

The Commission states that in some cases shoe manufacturers made a return of 25 per cent in 1917 and that in some grades of footwear the gross profits were from 39 to 69 per cent.

Manufacturers have had a tendency to attribute the high price to an advance in hides and it is there that this matter hinges with the investigation of the packing industry. According to the Springfield Republican there are many Massachusetts shoe manufacturers who would welcome any action that will cause the business to return to more normal and stable conditions. This paper quotes Charles H. Jones, president of the Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Co. as recommending the return of a government fixed price on hides.

No sooner was the federal restriction as to price removed than dealers, foreseeing a tremendous demand from across the seas, began to buy all the hides in sight with the inevitable result that prices began to soar.

"We have all been buying this way," says Mr. Jones in the Republican. "In an attempt to protect our business from the rapidly advancing market, and that's what's largely to blame for causing this high price situation."

But he does not hesitate to say that prices have often outdistanced costs. Though wages have been materially increased the price of the finished product has kept well ahead in the race. In some grades of shoes which have advanced \$5 to the consumer, the men who produce them have received only \$1 increase in wages.

Who gets the difference? That is one of the questions we all want to have answered.

"SELLING" A CITY.

What would you think of a manufacturer who declined to make effective use of sales creating facilities at hand just because it was not immediately possible to institute a whole of a selling campaign?

But wait a moment. Don't answer that until you ascertain whether the reply would apply with equal force to you and others in your community whose interests depend on the growth of your town.

For isn't that precisely the situation with many communities whose commercial organizations are doing nothing towards "selling" the community in a practical manner, because the time is not ripe for a big campaign for funds for the purpose?—The Nation's Business.

San-Tox Baby Talcum is delightfully cooling for Baby's Skin at Balch & Brown Pharmacy—adv.

The Open Forum

ON EDUCATION.

Herald Reader Opposed to Smith-Towner Bill Now Before Senate—Says It Will Prussianize America.

August 6, 1910.

To the Editor of the Evening Herald:

In an editorial in your paper Monday evening you discussed features of the Smith-Towner Bill—a bill designed to encourage education. You have shown how it will help to eradicate illiteracy, advance special education, and give federal aid to teachers. These are the features which clever propagandists are parading before the American public, while they keep our people in ignorance of its dangers. I would like to discuss some aspects of this bill in your papers.

The National Educational Association says in a recent pamphlet (Apr. 1910, p. 121): The extensive, yet tremendous propaganda carried on in favor of the Smith-Towner education bill not only has for its object the curtailment and even the abolition of freedom of education, but also bears all the earmarks of fanaticism. One can not fail to note the cocksureness and air of infallibility in the promoters concerning the absolute correctness of their plan, and the consequent utter disregard for objections and criticisms.

Since that time the bill has been revised and reintroduced into the present session of Congress. The main difference, however, is in its number. In place of S. 4987, we now have S. 5635. Senator Smith himself has given assurance that it is "the same old bill."

If this bill is adopted it will seem that we have benefited slightly from history. Rome was once a powerful republic. Gradually she conquered nations, many of which were reeking with effeminacy and despotism. Did Rome's republic last long after she subjugated the known world? Did Rome not fall because she gave up her republic in favor of an imperialism and because she discarded the simple habits of Cato and regaled in eastern luxury? The United States helped to overthrow the autocracy of Prussia. Is she to allow herself to become infected with its germs and soon to have a huge super-state far out-passing that of Bismarck in his wildest dreams of state idolatry.

In a striking speech in the Senate on June 6 Senator King said, in discussing this bill: "Is it the duty of the Federal Government to go into the states and teach the people how to engage in and perform all the duties and activities of individuals and of community life? If that were true, why not abolish the states, and super-impose

upon the people an immense State Socialism...? Germany built up a great paternalism, a vast autocracy. She reached out to every farm and to every home. She took charge of the children and usurped to a large extent the duties and obligations of parents. She concentrated the power that belonged to the people and to local politics and subdivisions into the great Prussian government and finally everything ministered to the State, to its aggrandizement and its autocratic power."

Since under the Smith Bill America will become what Germany was in the days of Kultur, let us have none of it. Surely our educators can devise some plan which will not create an educational slavery. J. L. B.

Editor's Note—The Herald holds no special brief for the Smith-Towner Bill, nor has it ever been impressed with the statesmanship of Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia. There was nothing in the editorial referred to by our correspondent to give rise to a contrary conclusion. However, we are certainly unable to discover a basis for his apprehensions. Did we believe them to be well founded we should be as much opposed to the measure as is "J. L. B."

NOT INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY (New York World.)

Before the House Interstate Commerce Committee yesterday, Warren S. Stone, Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, referred to the operation of the railroads as "industrial democracy." With due respect to Mr. Stone, it is not industrial democracy at all. It is merely a new form of class industry in which the public provides the capital and the workers take the profits.

A democracy implies equality of duty and responsibility, no less than equality of opportunity and benefits; but in this case the public's benefits are hazy and conjectural, while its responsibilities and duties are expressed in definite financial obligations aggregating \$20,000,000,000. It is to have only a minority representation on the Board of Directors that controls the property. It is to have no profits at all except those that the operating brotherhoods accord to it after they have fixed their wages to suit themselves and earned the 5 per cent dividends they purpose to divide.

THE MOTHER OF WANT.

(New York World.)
By and by the fact may dawn upon people that before there can be plenty again in the war-wasted world the people of the world must recreate plenty in farm, fishery, forest and factory. Demand outruns supply the whole world over, and that condition is the mother of want.

GERMANS TO BE TRIED.

Copenhagen, Aug. 8.—The Allies have turned in their first list of Germans who are to be called to trial for their war offenses. It was reported from Berlin today.

Save on the Following Summer Necessities SPECIALS FOR TOMORROW ONLY

- \$2.00 Warner's R. & G. and M. & P. Corsets. Sizes 21 to 28—white and pink. SATURDAY \$1.45
- \$5.00 and \$6.00 White Skirts of voile, gaberdine and cotton corduroy. SATURDAY \$3.00
- \$18.00 Georgette Crepe and Silk Dresses. Misses' and Ladies' sizes. SATURDAY \$12.95

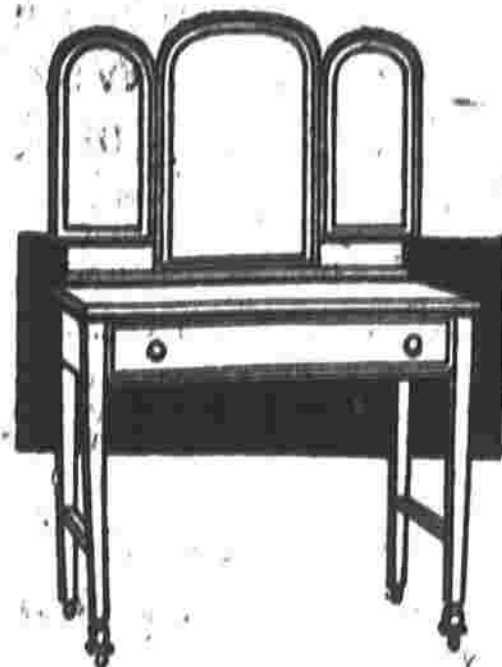
Capes Must Go

- The following low prices will move them: \$25.00 to \$50.00 Capes, SATURDAY \$14.95
- \$22.50 and \$18.00 Capes, SATURDAY \$9.95
- 50c Ladies' White Silk Lisle Hose. Sizes 9, 9 1/2, 10. SATURDAY 39c A PAIR

Summer Neckwear at Clean-Up Prices Tomorrow

- Collars, Jabots and Sets that formerly sold up to 75c. TOMORROW 10c

RUBINOW'S
SPECIALTY SHOP



A Berkey and Gay reproduction in American Walnut. Regular price \$69. August Sale Price \$55.50.
Queen Anne Period, beautifully finished in American walnut. Regular price \$55. August Sale Price \$39.75.



The famous "Royal Easy Chair" in mahogany and turned oak from \$21.00.



Tea Wagons in mahogany and turned oak from \$6.00.



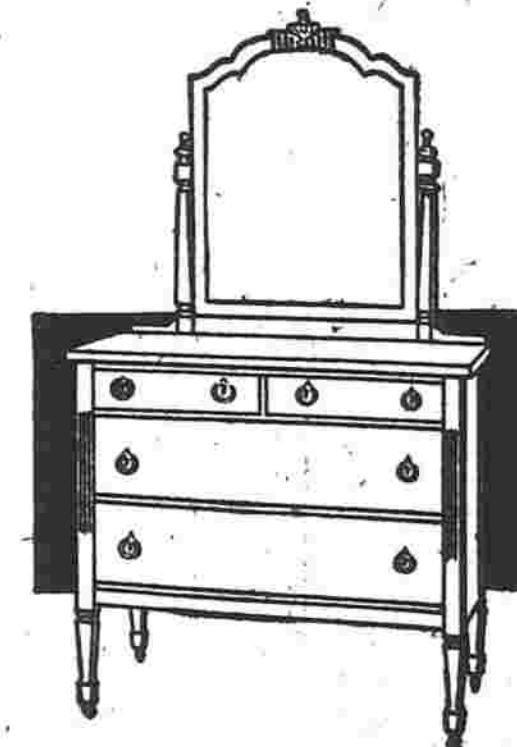
Nest of tables, useful for card tables, serving tables, work tables and stands. Mahogany finish. Regular price \$28.50. August Sale Price \$24.23.



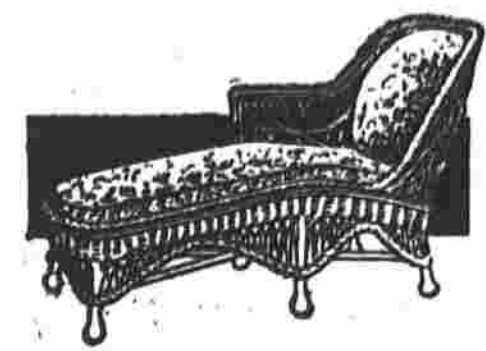
Sectional Bookcases in Fumed Oak, three sections. August Sale Price \$16.50.



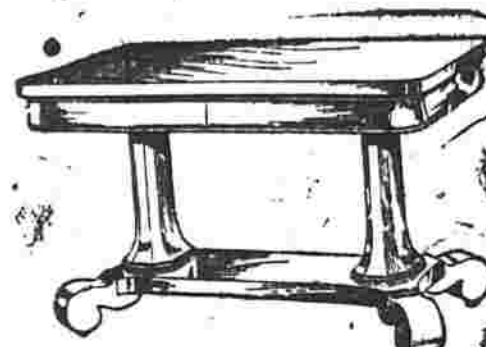
Reed chairs, upholstered in cretonne, loose cushions from \$15.30.



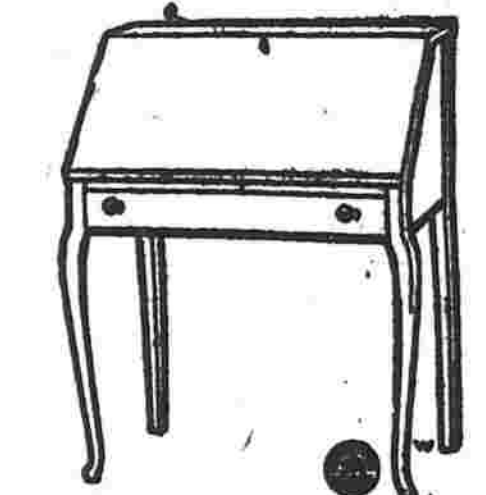
Golden oak dressers from \$16.57. Mahogany dresser \$42.



Chaise Longe. Regular price \$29.75. August Sale price \$22.50.



Golden oak Library Table. Regular price \$36. August Sale Price \$30.



Mahogany Desks. Regular price \$26. August Sale price \$22.10.



Floor Lamps, mahogany base from \$18.

WATKINS BROTHERS, INC.
"ASSISTANT HOME MAKERS"

August Furniture Sale

To our regular patrons
To young people who are planning a new home
To families moving into new homes
To all home furnishers who need more furniture

This sale will appeal from its sound reliability and unquestioned economy.

There can be no reason why anyone needing furniture should think of buying without first acquainting themselves with Watkins Brothers August Sale offerings.

Watkins Brothers Inc.

AN AMERICAN BORDER TOWN.

(Christian Science Monitor.)
Where the United States and Mexico meet is not usually a spot of national contentions or rivalries. If there run an international line between the congeries of human beings facing each other it is all but imperceptible. For you shall perceive it, at least in the southwest, not as a mighty, green swath, a path of giants, cut up a hill or mountain side, as on the Canadian border, but as a tiny bridge, or a lonely post, or a road divided generously and fairly between two friendly owners, or something that has no particular definition at all until one has taken into purview the two sentinel-like customhouses, flying their flags at always the same respectful distance from each other.

Nor, strange as it may seem, can one avoid the word "friendly" in speaking of the mutual relations of the twin towns. For here is not an ill-assortment of Greaser and Gringo, a flaunting of the umbrageous sombrero before the frank, clean-cut Stetson. If the towns ever had any differences, they have not only managed to settle them amicably,

but to find time for the practice of divers little international courtesies. If California, for instance, dubs its part of the town "Calxico," Mexico is ready with some such polite compound as "Mexicali" for its side of the line. And in reality, one can hardly fail to notice that, in the international association, the Mexican often undergoes some subtle external changes. Sometimes he has the American "make-up" in dress and bearing, the business air in the place of his former pleasant inertia, a slouch hat in place of the sombrero. But to hark back to the dividing line, which, of course, is popularly understood to be the No-Man's Land of the two nations, if you are not a tourist, you will fail to understand the real fascination which it holds for the traveler in the southwest. If you are, a thrill will be your when you have passed one or other of the jealous international guardians, and you stand over the exact location. Was it not Mark Twain who, when crossing the equatorial line, found himself in that odd situation where one-half of him was on one side of the world and one-half on the other, and he became subject, as he fondly imagined, to time and every-

thing else in duplicate? What would he have said could he have seen the tourist straddling the American-Mexican line, crossing it with a light-some spring into Mexico, then jumping back again, and continuing to jump to and fro with ceaseless agility until, by the simple process of hopping in and out of the "good old United States," he had managed to set up some wonderful world's record of visit paid to Mexico within the space of an hour?

There are those, however, who stoutly aver that the border is more or less a figment of the imagination, after all. And that brings one back to the leitmotif, that the United States and Mexico have an almost imperceptible dividing line. The man of Mexican descent, language, and traditions is ubiquitous throughout the American southwest and along the Pacific. He is in the adobe villages of the Gila, and dwells under the shadow of the desert church of San Xavier del Bac. His inhabitants are as far apart as the Texan uplands and the Camino del Rey of California. The earth for thousands of square miles is colored with Mexican detail. That is surely the surprise which is in store for one when

he stands for the first time by the two little customhouses flying their flags over the twin towns.

HOW DO YOU LIGHT YOUR PIPE?
Macon, Mo., Aug. 8.—A new method of telling a man's character is now advanced by William E. Crittlow, ninety, who is a traveling salesman for a pipe factory, and who visited Macon recently. He said: "You can tell more about a man by the way he lights his pipe than you can by the shape of his head. There's the fellow who strikes a match on the south end of his trousers, holds his hands over the bowl until he gets it going, throws down the match any old place, and tilts his pipe up toward the North Star. That man may burn down his home and barn, but he'll never hit his wife or children because his heart's right." "Crooks and bad men don't often smoke pipes. They wouldn't be crooks if they did because they're something about an old Hickory pipe that inspires a man to play fair with his neighbors."

Vacation Cigars, your favorite brands at McNamara's Pharmacy, Johnson Block.—adv.

PARK

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
AUGUST 12TH & 13TH

PRICES: TWENTY-FIVE and THIRTY-FIVE CENTS. Tax included.

From the Press:
"Very real and close to the audience" *New York Globe*
"One of the most interesting pictures I have ever seen" *Zit in N. Y. Journal*

"To our Women: Who sent us forth with tears in their eyes and courage in their hearts. To our Women at home who sacrificed all; that we might win. To our Women over there; who gave their lives that we might win:
"GOD BLESS THEM" From 'The Heart of Humanity'

...THE BIGGEST PICTURE IN TEN YEARS...

The picture that will live forever. Conceived with a skill and intelligence that lifts it high above its contemporaries and so stupendous that it claims a distinction all its own!

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH JEWEL PRODUCTIONS
JOHN F. SULLIVAN IS PLEASED TO PRESENT
ALLAN HOLUBAR'S SUPER-PRODUCTION

PARK

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY
AUGUST 12TH & 13TH

PRICES: TWENTY-FIVE and THIRTY-FIVE CENTS. Tax included.

From the Press:
"Beautifully done and dramatically strong" *New York Telegram*
"A distinct achievement of motion picture creation" *New York Times*

THE HEART OF HUMANITY

PRODUCTION IN ITS ENTIRETY

AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA

SPECIAL CINEMA EFFECTS



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What Happened August 8

1914.
Liege falls before German super-guns—20,000 British troops reach France—Germany mines neutral waters—Socialists hold anti-war demonstration in New York City.

1915.
Czar rejects peace offer from Kaiser—Germans cross River Vistula; defeated at Riga—Allies win ground in Gallipoli—Mexican bandits cross border, kill 5 Americans at Brownsville, Texas; 5 companies of U. S. Infantry in pursuit.

1916.
Allies win 4-mile front on Somme—Italians capture Gorizia bridgehead; pierce Isonzo front—Russians close in on Stanislaw, capture 2,000 Germans—Teutons order civilians to evacuate Lemburg.

1917.
U. S. War Industries Board, backing President's stand, moves to protect U. S. citizens and Allies from war profiteers—Draft call for 291,900 men announced for September 1st—French making steady gains on Flanders front.

1918.
English General Haig breaks enemy line on 25-mile front; gains 7 miles, captures 10,000 men, 100 guns—Germans short of men; morale waning—Kaiser massing force of 500,000 men to attack Rheims—Americans improve positions beyond Vesle—Allies move south from Archangel—U. S. recruiting stopped during draft—Second American ship sunk off Hatteras.

FESS SEEKS PREVENTION OF NEW FLU EPIDEMIC

Asks Congress to appropriate Million and Half for Research to Discover its Source.

Washington, Aug. 8.—In order to prevent a recurrence of the epidemic of influenza which caused 550,000 deaths in the United States, Representative Simeon D. Fess of Ohio, has urged upon the House an appropriation of \$1,500,000 to the Public Health Service for an investigation of the causes of the disease and the methods of its prevention.

In his resolution, which has the endorsement of the American Medical Association, Dr. Fess narrates that a large proportion of the great number of deaths were produced by pneumonia and other complications, that influenza, pneumonia and allied diseases now cause approximately one-tenth of all deaths in this country, that medical science is not yet in possession of complete data as to the cause, modes of transmission, prevention and cure of influenza, and

that therefore the possession of this knowledge is of grave social and economic concern to the nation.

It is therefore urged that to enable the Public Health Service to discover the causes and prevent the spread of the disease, and for allotment of sums to universities, colleges and other research institutions, as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury are qualified for research work that a million and a half be appropriated by Congress. It is also urged that the medical departments of the army and navy join in the search for methods of prevention.

"There is no doubt," said Dr. Fess, "but that this malady will again come upon us. If the experience of the series of maladies that have overrun our country be duplicated, as I fear they will be, we may expect terrific results in the next year or two from the influenza. They tell me there is no antitoxin that has yet been discovered to combat it. Dr. Pfeiffer thought he had discovered that it was due to what was called the influenza bacillus. That theory has been abandoned by the medical world, which today is much concerned about what it has to meet in the near future. I think it would be wise and rational for Congress to spend enough money to set in motion machinery, under the highest medical talent in America, to hunt out under research the origin of this difficulty, together with the application of some remedy that may be discovered. This is especially necessary in view of the fact that life insurance statistics show that during the five years following the last gripple epidemic the death rate was 40 per cent above normal."

Horlick's
The ORIGINAL Malted Milk
Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids
No Cooking
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
Quick Lunch at Home or Office
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

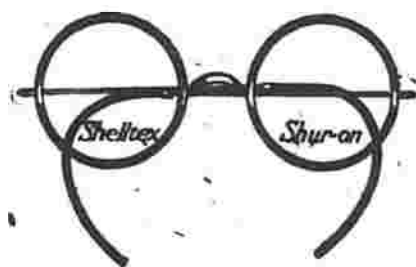
AFTER THE MEETING.

I wanted to get home. But I had no map. Only a mental description of the old line I should follow. But even this did not correspond with my notes and I mooted the question considerably whether I should plot a new line according to my notes or follow the mental description which, if I remember correctly, had its origin in 1910. To describe a new line with my notes I could easily see, would mean that I would have to go smashing through a number of houses that had grown up since my mental description had taken form. And this would certainly result in litigation.

So from a point in the Town Hall which shall be hereinafter described as A and by taking my bearings from the North Star over my right shoulder I followed a deflection angle 59 degrees, 12 seconds, no minutes, until I came to the aisle which was well defined in my mental description. Then forty feet due south, dead reckoning, to the east a twenty-five foot drop on a 33 per cent grade, ten feet west as the crow flies, again fourteen feet and seven inches south by southeast, and strangely enough I found myself on the street.

Then from a merestone, along a deflection angle of 37 degrees, 18 minutes and seven seconds, Greenwich time, I threw out a line which by all the laws of hieroglyphics should have landed me in bed. But just then I found my map which was at variance with all my careful calculations. The scale was twenty miles to the quarter inch and the line which should have taken me home was, when enlarged, a mile and five-eighths wide! It was plain to be seen that lying in that line were home gardens filled with corn, carrots and cucumbers that I would have to confiscate, baby carriages, chicken coops, and churches that would have to be pushed over from the King's Highway. This would certainly result in litigation.

What was to be done. I would have to leave my map where I found it. It was too late to call up the



QUALITY AND PRICES ARE WHAT COUNTS

We believe in giving a square deal to all, which means perfect vision, highest quality, goods and low prices.

As we sell six times as many glasses as anyone else in Manchester we can afford to sell them cheaper. If you want good, yet extra good glasses and don't feel that you can pay the high prices charged by some, then you should call at our South Manchester office and receive a square deal and get your glasses at the right price.

Office Open Every Night Except Saturday from 6.30 to 8.30 p. m. At Optical Dept. G. Fox & Co. during the day.

LEWIS A. HINES, Ret.,
Eyeglass Specialist,
House & Hale Block

keeper of the Town Pump and the chances were that he wouldn't have known anyway. I may say here at the very start that my motives cannot be impugned. My one and only object was to get home. South by southeast, a quarter point east was the house of citizen. Starting from the curb I marked off six paces from the spot marked X and lit a match. No stone! So I rang the bell and asked the citizen where the street line was. He didn't know but would go out in the kitchen and look for it.

It was then and not until then that I decided to rely entirely on my mental description. To do anything else would surely have resulted in—but then there was small chance of that. Just here I stumbled against a merestone that had an old and familiar feeling. By circumscribing an arc at one side I was able to bisect the deflecting angle. In fact, this time, I had it on the hip. A distance of 36 feet on this angle of 24 degrees, 19 minutes and one second brought me up against the side of a house. Here there was nothing left to do but inquire again. In answer to my knock there came from the upper story a well remembered voice,

"Did you forget your key again?"
And I knew I was home.

HENDEES COULDN'T TRIM TEAM COMING SUNDAY

Athletics Will Have a Crack Crew to Deal With Sunday—Hendee Series Arranged.

The crack Gilbert and Barker team of Springfield will be seen on the Mount Nebo grounds Sunday playing the Athletics. The former team holds two victories over the Hendee Indians, consequently local fans are assured of seeing one of the fastest teams that has appeared here this season.

Clark, of Amherst, one of the best college twirlers in Massachusetts is slated for mound duty for the visitors. Although Gilbert and Barker has a strong team, it will come to Manchester Sunday, strengthened by some of the best players in Holyoke and Western Massachusetts.

"When are the Hendees coming back?" is the question the fans ask who have seen this team play the locals in two of the best games staged at Mount Nebo this season. Owing to the rivalry which exists between these two teams, the Springfield fans, on the strength of the Athletics showing against the Hendees and the Fisk Red Tops, want a game in Springfield.

In order to satisfy the fans of both places a series has been arranged finally between the Athletics and Hendees for three games. The first game in all probability will be played at the Nebo grounds on Sunday, August 17th. The visitors promise to bring a band of rooters to the aggregate of 300. Arthur Morin of Rockville, recognized as one of the best umpires in the state, has been suggested by Manager Daley to officiate at all games.

AT A SEASIDE RESORT.

Long beams are drawn from the bosom of the dawn. The gray of the quiet sea quickens into rose, and soon the glittering serpentine streaks of color quiver into blaze; the brown sands glow and the little waves run inward, showing milky curves under the gay light; the shoregoing boats come home and their sails—those coarse tan-colored sails—are like flowers that wake to feast on the sun. Happy holiday makers who are wise enough to watch the fishers come in! The booted thickly clad fellows plunge into the shallow water; and then the barefooted women come down and the harvest of the night is carried up the cliffs before the most of the holiday folk have awakened. The proud day broadens to its height and the sands are blackened by the growing crowd; for the beach near a fashionable watering-place is like a section cut from a turbulent city street, save that the folks on the sand think of aught but business. I have never been able to sympathize with those who can perceive only vulgarity in a seaside crowd. To me, the concentrated enjoyment, the ways of the children who are set free from the trammels of town life, are all like so much poetry. Only to watch the languid pose of some steady toiler from the city is enough to give discontented people a goodly lesson. The man has been ground in the mill for a year; his modest way of living has left him no time for mere enjoyment, and his notions of pleasure are crude. Watch him as he remains passively in an ecstasy of rest. He likes the sensation of being in company; he has a dim sense of the beauty of the vast sky with its shining snowy-bosomed clouds, and he lets the light breeze blow over him. I like to look on that good citizen and contrast the dull round of his wayfarings on many streets with the ease and satisfaction of his attitude on the sands. Then the night comes. The dancers are busy, the commonplace music is refined by the distance, and the murmur of the sea gathers power over all other sounds, until the noon voices are heard no more.—James Runciman in the Christian Science Monitor.

Kodaks and Fesh Film at Balch & Brown Pharmacy.

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking

GOLD MEDAL HARBLEN OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1695. Guaranteed. Three signs, all druggists. Look for the **gold medal** on every box and accept no imitation.

TAGGING THE BASES

The Yank injunction enabled Carl Mays to pitch and win a game against the Browns. It didn't restrain the Browns from taking one half of the double header, however. Urban Shocker registered the Brownie victory.

The Giants got off the toboggan long enough to trim the Cardinals but they had to work hard for the victory. Triples by McCarthy and Barnes produced the winning run.

Eppa Rixey gave up four hits to the Pirates. Whitted helped out with a home run.

The Braves made but one hit off Martin in the first eight innings and bunched three in the ninth, but Chicago had enough to win.

The fielding of Vitt, Schang and McInnis of the Red Sox and Chapman's hitting, featured Boston's victory over the Indians. Chapman got four hits in five trips to the plate.

A GOVERNMENT GROCERY.
Railroad problems have taken a new turn in Australia. The government railroads have opened a shop in Sydney for retail sale of groceries and the like and use the space in passenger cars to advertise the bargains they offer. All of this is naturally to the great distaste of the retail merchants, who do not relish a form of competition and are expressing their emphatic points of view.—Says The Nation's Business.

THE SPAT OVER SPITZBERGEN.
Spitzbergen gets a new distinction, in being about the only disputed corner of the earth not mentioned in the peace treaty. England, Russia, Norway and Sweden have laid claim to it, on account of such resources as coal, and in the Brest Litovsk treaty of unpleasant memory Russia undertook to cede it to Germany. Meanwhile, a British company exercises squatter's rights there.—The Nation's Business.

BOLTON

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Smith and three sons of South Manchester and Mrs. Henry Osborn of Windsor were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Pinney.

Mrs. Robert C. Loomis and son of Westfield, Mass., are visiting Mrs. Loomis' parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson.

Mrs. Louise Keller is in Hartford for a short visit.

Miss Marjorie Brown of Springfield, Mass., is a guest at Mrs. Frances E. Ruggles.

Mrs. John Kearns of Indianapolis is among the guests at Mr. and Mrs. Louis H. Leveys.

Several young ladies are to give a dance in the Bolton Hall Saturday evening to increase the insurance fund. The Victor orchestra will provide music.

Miss Katherine G. Lee, who has been visiting in Pascoag, R. I., returned home Sunday, being brought back by her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ross.

HELP WANTED: MALE.

Trade Commissioners to go abroad, obtain commercial and economic information regarding foreign markets, and describe them in reports which business men can read, are sought by the Department of Commerce, says The Nation's Business. The compensation is \$10 a day, transportation, and \$4 a day for living expenses. Examinations will be held on June 26 through the Civil Service Commission and anyone who has had two years of experience in a business connected with foreign trade, or three years of college training in economics, banking, export technique and the like, can have his chance.

PAY WEEKLY

THE CAESAR MISC STORE

HARTFORD

MEN'S CLOTHING WILL BE HIGHER

This is assured—and we urge every Man to take advantage of our present prices and obtain such Clothing as he expects to need for Fall before the heavy advance occur.

Remember—WE MAKE EASY WEEKLY TERMS.

We Suggest That You BUY NOW While Our Present Prices Prevail

Nu-Way Stretch Suspenders

No rubber, but more stretch. The Phosphor Bronze Springs do the trick at 75c the pair. Agents for steam Laundry.

A. J. BROWN & COMPANY
Depot Square, Manchester, Conn.

SMOCK FAD IS ADDED BY ALL

Overblouse Now Finds Place in Wardrobe of the Majority of Women.

COSSACK GARMENT IS LONG

Russian Peasant Style May Reach to Knees; May Button Up to Chin or Separate Down the Front.

And now enters the smock—that is, it is entering everybody's wardrobe. At first, writes a fashion correspondent, this curious fad was followed only by those of artistic or gardening temperament or those who loved the most advanced and different sort of thing. The smock has undergone so many modifications from its first appearance as the typical peasant garment,



Charming Russian blouse of blue draped over a dainty frock of dark blue chiffon.

which it really is, that it is in point of fact hardly recognizable. Its name, too, has changed, for whereas in the beginning it was just a smock, now it is known as the "overblouse," and the chemise blouse, and the Cossack coat. The gardening period in our recent lives is believed to be responsible for the acceptance of this type of blouse. The smock is so comfortable with its loose free lines that it became at once just the sort of thing needed for this sort of work, especially since it looked just as well with trousers as with skirts—a thing which could not be said of all waists or blouses. Of course trousers were a part of the gardening days, and while they have retired at least from general service as far as woman's need for them goes, the smock remains, glorified beyond its most humble followers' recognition.

Of great beauty are those over-blouses of midnight blue voile closely palliated all over with round silver disks and held in place with a thick cord of silver threads. This is to be worn with a skirt of silk or sport satin or gabardine and makes a pleasing costume. The printed chiffons have been extensively used for the type of blouse. One seldom sees them without a belt of some sort, generally a heavy silken cord which encircles the waist and loops in front with heavy tassels or fringe.

If the smock is worn under the coat it is often left free and unbuttoned, but rarely is it seen now worn in this way without one's coat or sweater. The smock of the unbuttoned variety has a decidedly dressing-sacque look, but so many women understand so cleverly the adaptation of every mode that we are spared an avalanche of ladies apparently abroad in their breakfast coats or bodolfs-jackets.

A Lovely Smock Blouse. One of the most beautiful of all the smock type of blouses seen lately is of finest, indestructible white voile, braided all over in fine white silk braid in circle design. The bottom of the blouse has a hem of white silk faced back onto the blouse. A vest is cut at the front and piped with white silk. Two silken buttons caught together with loops of the narrow braid fasten it at the throat. It slips over the head in kimono fashion and a heavy silken cord of white slips around the waist and loops in front. This charming thing is to be worn with white skirts of satin or silk or crepe.

A curious concession to the overblouse notion is found in many elaborate waists of chiffon or georgette with the front piece left long enough to go over the skirt and the back, stopping just at the waist line. The belt of the skirt slipped over the front panel gives the effect when worn under a coat or a vest. The blouse, of

course, buttons down the back. The vestee lives on and on and appears just as often on simple waists of wash fabric as it does on the more elaborate type.

One finds waists of georgette with vests made by using frill after frill of narrow Valenciennes lace. Always the vestee is simulated by leaving the front panel longer than the back so that it hangs over the skirt. Just as often one finds a hem of some contrasting color to the body of the blouse added, the contrasting color appearing on collar and sleeves also. Now and then in a very fine smock of organdie one finds this sort of trimming done with fine lace.

Of all of the delightful summer things we have seen none is more charming than the smock of organdie of a new sort which has dots of a different color scattered thickly over its surface. Tiny frills of the plain organdie trim collar and sleeves and edge the turned back hem, while narrow string belts of the organdie hold the extra fullness in place at the waist. These offer the greatest degree of freshness and crispness—which any summer wash fabric ought to have.

The Long Cossack Blouse. A variation of the smock is the Cossack blouse. This is just as apt to reach to the knees as not. It often buttons right up to the chin, or again it is apt to separate down the front entirely to show a vest underneath of richness and beauty. The Cossack blouse, as the name tells, is borrowed from Russia. It has the same drooping fullness at the waist that one sees in the Russian peasant garment, arranged over a wide belt of the same material as the whole garment or of different color and fabric.

The skirt of this blouse is always very long, and just as apt to reach to the hem of the skirt as not. It is most often developed in some handsome fabric such as georgette thickly braided or beaded, or in silken indestructible voile or even in heavier silk or velvet, and naturally is intended for elaborate occasions. There is nothing which offers a simpler way of remodeling an old garment than the use of a Cossack blouse.

One can really make a sort of elongated shirt and belt it in at the waist and conform thus strictly to the type. Or the front can be opened, a vest added and the sides of the skirt be left open to show the petticoat of the dress beneath. There are endless ways in which one can vary the design, therefore it has everything to recommend it.

Now because there is much talk of these newer models we must not for a moment think that the regulation blouse or shirtwaist is out of favor. Indeed, it is not, and it is repeated in just as many materials as there are factories to make them. The kimono type with its slight ease is still much favored for the "dresier" blouses of georgette or chiffon. Many have a rather tight foundation over which is hung a panel of contrasting color back and front. This panel, while short, is left to hang free over the skirt and is smart in appearance. The sleeves of this blouse are of the same color and material as the body. One often finds this type of waist enveloped in a combination of organdie and linen or plique or heavy lawn. The effect is pleasing and unusual, too.

Waist of Tailored Type. As to the more tailored type of waist for traveling or business, there are several models which bid for favor. One of these is the strictly tailored



Gayly embroidered smock adds charm to the wearer who sports a dainty hat to match.

design following the exact lines of a man's shirt and is much affected for sport wear. A long time ago shirts of this sort were made of a brilliant striped percale and these are again in favor—bright red and white stripes vying with those of the most vivid blue or green or yellow or black for first place.

These, of course, are strictly tailored and have the appearance of belonging to one's brother, as they demand the same ties and link cuff buttons.

Another tailored model is less severe than these, as it has a turned down collar usually added of some heavier material than the sheer lawn or dimity or linen of which the blouse is made. In one model the collar of linen crash becomes a pointed revers extending the entire front and fastening just below the yoke with one large pearl button. Fine lawn is used for the body of the blouse. The cuffs which finish the long, tight sleeves, are folded back to fasten with buttons or narrow bows of black and white ribbon.

STOCK MARKET

New York, Aug. 8.—Prices on the stock market broke violently at noon today but the movement was followed by a recovery.

Many issues fell below the low level established on Thursday. United States Steel Common fell to 100 1/4 but later was carried upward to 102, on a re-buying wave. Baldwin Locomotive yielded five points going to 99 7/8.

There were losses of from three to seven points in most of the stocks in which there was any active trading.

Large blocks of railway stocks were thrown on the market. Union Pacific slumped five points to 119 1/2. Reading sold down three points to 75. This was the lowest these standard railway shares had sold in a long time.

The trading was accompanied by exciting scenes on the floor of the exchange.

New York, Aug. 8.—There was a complete reversal of stock movements and speculative sentiment at the opening of the stock market today. The issues which had shown such pronounced weakness in yesterday's trading showed an urgent demand and during the first 15 minutes gains ranging from one to over six points were recorded.

United States Steel Common was heavily bought and started with an advance of 2 1/4 points at 102 3/4 and after a reaction to 102 1/8 moved up again to its opening price. The extreme advance was made in U. S. Rubber, which responded to the news of the capital readjustment with an advance of 6 1/2 points to 123 1/2.

Central Leather rose 3 1/2 to 98 1/2; Marine Common two points to 55 1/2; Studebaker 2 5/8 to 104 1/2.

Declines were recorded in some stocks but they were chiefly in issues which had not been traded in yesterday afternoon and were influenced this morning by the appearance of a few belated selling orders.

Reported for The Evening Herald by Richter & Co., 5 Central Row, Hartford. Closing prices. At G & W I. 151 Alaska Gold 2 1/2 American Sugar 81 1/2 Am B Sugar 127 1/2 Am Tel & Tel 102 1/4 Anaconda 66 1/2 Am Smelter 75 1/2 Am Loco 32 1/2 Am Car Foundry 119 1/2 A T & S Fe 90 1/4 Balt & Ohio 42 B R T 26 Bethlehem Steel B 85 1/4 Butte & Sup 23 1/2 Chile Copper 23 1/2 Cons Gas No sales Col Fuel 43 1/2 C & O 56 Can Pac 154 1/4 Erie 16 Erie Ist 25 1/2 Gen Electric 160 1/2 Gt Northern Pfd 85 1/2 Illinois Cent 95 1/2 Connecticut No sales Louisville & Nash No sales Lehigh Valley No sales Mexican Pet 172 1/2 Mer M Pfd 111 1/2 Mer M 64 Miami Copper 26 1/2 Norfolk & West 100 National Lead 77 North Pacific 85 1/2 N Y Cent 71 1/2 N Y, N H & H 30 1/2 Press Steel Car 83 Penna 43 1/2 People's Gas No sales Repub I & S 85 Reading 77 Chittani R & Pac 23 Southern Pac 94 1/2 Southern Ry 23 St Paul 40 Third Ave No sales Tex Oil 249 1/2 Union Pac 122 U S Steel 102 1/4 U S Steel Pfd 115 1/2 Utah Copper 84 1/2 Westinghouse 61 1/2

CLEMENCEAU MAY COME FOR LEAGUE MEETING

French Premier Intimates That He May Accept Invitation if Meeting is Held Here.

Paris, Aug. 8.—The allied governments are exchanging views on the definite date of the first meeting of the League of Nations in Washington next autumn, Marcel Hutin stated in the Echo de Paris today.

The French government is urging that a program be drawn up without any delay and the United States is said to be insisting upon the presence of Premier Clemenceau as representative of France.

The Premier was quoted as saying: "I shall not be insensible to the invitation."

CANNIBALISM IN RUSSIA AS RESULT OF FAMINE

Mysterious Plague Also Said to Be Raging—Victims Die in Few Hours.

London, Aug. 8.—Famine in Petrograd has resulted in cases of cannibalism, said a Helsingfors dispatch to the Daily Express today. There is almost no food at all in the city and in addition to this scourge a mysterious epidemic has broken out. The disease carries off its victims within three hours, the dispatch said.

WHAT SENATORS EAT.

Washington, Aug. 8.—What shall we eat in hot weather?

Doctors can give advice, but here are the most popular dishes in the restaurant of the United States Senate: "Half and half" and crackers. Ham sandwiches and near (not very) beer. Lettuce salad. Devilled crabs. Corn cakes and milk. Hardly sumptuous, but it is what the law makers fare on.

When a great plank steak comes off the dumbwaiter in the restaurant on a hot day it is always a certain sign that constituents are being entertained.

Since prohibition came to town the Senate has been supplied with carbonated spring water and on hot days members bring it into the cloak rooms in cases.

AMERICANS TO CONTROL AUSTRIAN STEEL WORKS

Have Now Monopoly of Industry—Recent Purchase of Skoda Plant Announced.

Geneva, Aug. 8.—Purchase of the Skoda Steel Works in Austria, along with the German interests that have already been acquired, will give the Americans a monopoly of the steel industry on the continent, according to information received here today. The chief competitor will be the Creusot Company in France.

MAKE BIG HAUL.

San Francisco, Aug. 8.—Three robbers shortly before nine o'clock today secured \$60,000 in jewelry and cash here.

GOT ONE IN.



Mrs. Henpeck—Both of my other husbands had more sense than you. Mr. Henpeck—Oh! I don't know. They both married you, too.

Good Dope. "Take this your creed," Said wise old Dan. "Advice won't feed A hungry man."

NEW CONCERN.

Hartford, Aug. 8.—Capitalized at \$50,000 Stratton & King, Incorporated of Suffield filed in corporation papers in the office of the secretary of the state today.

ASKS THAT KOLCHAK BE RECOGNIZED IN ENGLAND

Envoy Would Not Ask Allies to Shed Blood for New Government in Russia.

London, Aug. 8.—A request for the recognition of the anti-Bolshevik government at Omsk, headed by Kolchak, was made today by Nicolas Tchakowky, former head of the North Russia government in an interview printed in the Daily Express.

"My object in coming to England, was to ask for sympathy in the struggle against the evil minded criminals who want a continuance of the covenant of 1914," said M. Tchakowky. "But we do not want anybody to fight for us and we do not wish the Allies to spend one drop of blood in our behalf."

PICTURE FRAMING

Pictures of all kinds framed by one who knows how. All work guaranteed. Prices Reasonable. F. J. BUZZELL Wadsworth St. Phone 311-12



A Few Hints for Laundering.

Using an old sheet double it as many times as it will cover the board. This will make four or five thicknesses, which are laid smoothly and tacked on the board all at once. When the top layer becomes soiled, it is cut off and there is the board with a clean cover.

When covering the ironing-board with a blanket or padding, tuck it along the edges only, so that both sides and the ends are smoothly covered. Then make an unbleached ironing sheet the size of board, with large end left open to slip on like a pillowcase. If well fitted, both sides of the board can be used; it will look neat and there will be no pins or nails to tear hands or clothing.

Useful Ironing Blanket. Make an ironing blanket for embroidered articles and laces from a square of white outing flannel, and one of Turkish toweling, neatly bound together. The Turkish side is used for faces and insertions, as the loose threads in ironing are forced up through the lace, while the other side is used for embroideries.

For Cleaning and Polishing Irons. Saturate a cloth with water, wring partially dry, rubbing soap thoroughly on it. Place on several thicknesses of paper. Rub iron over it several

POWERFUL PILE REMEDY DISCOVERED

Has Never Failed to End Most Obstinate Case of Piles in Few Days.

For years it has been proved that so-called external remedies applied to or inserted in the rectum cannot cure piles, and at the best can only give temporary relief. Surgical operations also do not remove this cause, but simply the formation. This wonderful prescription, known as Miro Pile Remedy, is so efficient in the treatment of piles, that even chronic cases of from 20 to 30 years standing with profuse bleeding have been completely cured in from three to ten days. Think of it! Just a few doses of a carefully balanced prescription and the most persistent case of piles is absorbed, never to return. Just read what Henry J. Stone of the Lorain, Ohio, Fire Department says: "I had bleeding and protruding piles for three years and tried all kinds of remedies, without result, but was thoroughly cured after taking one bottle of Miro." Frank J. Phillips of Bird Island, Minnesota, says: "I used half a bottle of Miro. It worked like a charm. I no longer suffered with bleeding and protruding piles. I never forgot the money for such blessing as I am now enjoying. I would have used the whole bottle, but it was not necessary." All pharmacists dispense Miro or can get it for you on short notice. Surely it's worth the little trouble to obtain it to be rid of piles forever.

All refuse of every kind is thrown out of doors—or windows, if there is one in the house that opens (most of them don't, they're fixtures). Dead dogs and cats lie and rot anywhere; old tins, bottles, rolling wood—in fact, it is impossible to enumerate all one sees and smells. Pools of water everywhere, green and festering with filth. It will be very surprising if there is not an outbreak of disease when the hot weather really starts in.

I was glad to get out of Murmansk and run up to Soronka, on the Bay of Onega, White Sea. We passed by Kola and Kandalaksha, two very pretty looking villages but apparently equally dirty as Murmansk.

There is apparently no cultivation of this country at all, although it seems that it would repay such labor as would be needed to make the land fruitful. The inhabitants live by fishing and hunting, with some lumbering. It is here where the lumber I mentioned is lying. The resources of this country are apparently in timber, of which there are thousands of acres still untouched, furs and, I am certain, many minerals.

Some of the residents told me that money was very easily made here, and that all the work is done in the winter. During the summer the inhabitants either go abroad or spend their time in fishing and hunting for their own amusement.

Looking out of my window I see a large steamer on the rocks about eight miles out. She is a Leyland Line ship of about 7,000 tons which the Bolsheviks wrecked by shifting the lights. She is well out of the water and, I understand, will be salvaged soon as the opportunity arises.

So far as I can judge by several weeks in this country and travels over the greater part of this and surrounding territory, there is a great opportunity here just as soon as conditions are settled. The land is undoubtedly wealthy, particularly in timber, and a little energy would soon develop the resources.

Murmansk Not Land Of Ice But Summer Is Unsanitary

(By an English Officer.)

Soroka (Murmansk), Russia, July 24 (by mail).—Anybody with the idea that Russia is a land of ice and snow should come out here and see just what conditions really are. With the sun shining for twenty-four hours in the day and mosquitoes busy every minute there is no "Our Lady of the Snows" about this place.

When I came out here in the late Spring with the British troops I expected to have to bundle myself up in furs and travel in sleighs, if not in skis. Instead I found a land of sunshine, where the sun rises and sets in almost the same place and at John Odermann of Strickland the host a couple of hours of dusk—a land of heat and mosquitoes, a land of plenty and prosperity where the only trouble the inhabitants seem to have is how to spend

the money they have accumulated during the war and which so far, they have had no chance to get rid of.

One of the most interesting sights in this section is several miles of lumber stacks which have been waiting here for transportation overseas since the beginning of the war. This lumber is valued at £10,000,000 (about \$50,000,000) and will be a big help when it is released for the relief of the present shortage of timber in Europe.

One thing the Russians need is some instruction in sanitary arrangements. The town is built entirely of wood, some of the houses being constructed of logs and others of boards. The whole town is a mere quagmire, the sidewalks being made of planks from which you occasionally slip into a mass of filth which constitutes the roadway.

The style of going barefoot may not be confined to a few women. By Morris



HOT SPECIAL MEETING OVER BUILDING LINE

(Continued from Page 1.)

the motives of anyone here tonight BUT... and then the sparks would fly until Chairman Hohenthal succeeded in clamping down the parliamentary damper.

Mr. Hyde asserted that the town had been involved in a needless amount of litigation and declared that the selectmen had consistently forced law suits on individuals. To substantiate this claim he started to cite the Tanner case involving a suit over damages caused by a street improvement but was checked by William B. Rogers who raised the point that the Tanner case was not germane to the subject under discussion.

The chair sustained Mr. Rogers in this objection but was overruled by the meeting on appeal by Mr. Hyde. Mr. Rogers again broke into Mr. Hyde's arguments when he thundered "No" to the latter's assertion that it would cost the town between \$2,000 and \$3,000 to cut away the buildings of Messrs. Holl and Sheridan, as proposed by the Board of Selectmen.

"If the town goes to law in this matter," concluded Mr. Hyde, "it will have an expensive suit on its hands and, win or lose, the lawyers will get most of the money. The street is more than wide enough at the point in question and I hope this meeting will decide to avoid the expense of a law suit."

Dr. Thomas Weldon, acting as chairman of the Board of Selectmen in the absence of Aaron Johnson who is on a vacation, was the next to address the meeting. He said that this question of building lines was an old one and that it was not known just who was to blame for the controversy.

"The selectmen are acting without malice," said Dr. Weldon, "and in the best interests of the town."

He pointed out that no action by the meeting could relieve the town from the expense of litigation, as asserted by Mr. Hyde, for it was simply a question of having a suit with Mr. Holl, as threatened at present, or having one with Mr. Johnson who would certainly take legal action if he found that the line was to be established according to the motion before the meeting.

"The only interest the Board has in this matter," said Dr. Weldon, "is to do the thing which will give the town a symmetrical and beautiful street. The welfare of the town is all that we are seeking."

In answer to a question from Judge H. O. Bowers as to just what grievance Aaron Johnson would claim as the basis of the suit which was said he would bring against the town, Mr. Weldon said he did not know that he had heard Mr. Johnson say that such would be his course.

Selectmen Rogers. Selectmen Willard B. Rogers defended the board and said that it was grossly unjust to say that the Selectmen wanted to make litigation for the town. He explained that he had voted to avoid litigation in the Tanner case but that he thought the time had come when the town should know where it stood in regard to building lines. He hoped that this case would be allowed to go to the courts so that the matter could be settled once and for all.

The Value of the Map. George A. Johnson came in for some rather caustic criticism from several of the speakers. It was asserted that he himself had said that he could not run the line in question by his map alone. His notes were as necessary as the map, or more so, and he had repeatedly refused to turn these over to Bowen, it was stated in the meeting.

"If the map means nothing to the man who made it," asked Mr. Rogers, "how could the board of Selectmen do anything with it?" This led to sharp words from Mr. Hyde to whom Mr. Rogers retorted "Sit down, you'll have the floor later." In answer to a shouted accusation that he was bringing politics into the meeting Mr. Rogers retorted, "When I want to talk politics I go and hire a theater."

The gist of Mr. Rogers' argument was that the building line controversy ought to be carried to its final conclusion in the courts where a definite ruling could be obtained. John Cairns Skeptical. The efforts of Mr. Hyde to shield the town from law suits did not seem to impress John Cairns who cited cases where the former had threatened the town with just such a contingency in other controversies. In Mr. Cairns' opinion it was up to the town to keep buildings behind the line and not up to the individual builder to determine just how far

out he should establish a structure. Mr. Cairns also thought that the matter should go to the court and be settled once and for all.

Harry M. Burke Speaks. By far the longest and most expansive speech of the evening was made by Harry M. Burke. Mr. Burke touched a number of topics ranging from the amount of compensation a man with hernia should receive to the treaty of peace with Germany but he was firmly convinced that so far as the building controversy was concerned the matter was one for judicial decision.

Mr. Burke read from the statutes of the state of Connecticut, from the call for the meeting and from the resolution presented by Mr. Hyde. He contended that there was a discrepancy between the two latter, but this contention was later set aside by Chairman Hohenthal. Mr. Burke claimed that the resolution followed the statute but not the call.

Going at some length into the history of building lines and street layouts in the town of Manchester, Mr. Burke declared, "We have been led into blind alleys before where the town has had to buy a building lot to extend a street already accepted. This led to a colloquy which ran something like this: E. J. Holl: Why don't you tell the truth? Mr. Burke: Well, perhaps I will tell the truth before I am done with this."

John Cairns: Why the "Perhaps", Harry? "Whatever you do tonight", Mr. Burke assured the meeting, "will be of no effect. The matter is a proper one for the courts to decide and there is where it should go."

Selectman Howard Taylor. Selectman Howard Taylor declared that there was absolutely no animosity on the part of the Board toward anyone in this matter and said that it was a plain question of the town's representatives not knowing where the true line was. "Neither Mr. Holl nor Mr. Sheridan nor Mr. Hyde know where the true line is and the only way to decide it is to let the courts do it."

At this point Judge H. O. Bowers suggested that if the meeting should vote for the resolution before it, then the town, the selectmen and everyone else would know the location of the line. Judge Arnott. Alexander Arnott, the town's attorney, made the announcement that he had no personal feeling in the matter. He further stated that as things stood at present no one would dare erect a building on the area in question and take either the line on the map or the one described in writing as the true building line. He said that the lines were not properly established and that Main street was laid out simply by usage.

"Whatever money is spent in this matter will be well spent if it will establish the line for good and all," said Judge Arnott. "If we vote here for this discontinuance we shall be simply chasing the devil around the stump. We leave an open chance for anyone to raise a dispute in the future. If there is going to be continuous wrangling about building lines what do we gain? As a precedent the vote is a bad one and as a matter of law it is without significance."

Egan Asks a Question. It was asked by Mr. John Egan whether the Board of Selectmen would concur in the vote taken by the meeting if it should take one favorable to the resolution but no one was found who would take it upon himself to speak for the Board. After Judge Arnott finished speaking George H. Miller asked if he might put a question to the judge. He wanted to know the result of tabling the question. Judge Arnott replied that Mr. Holl had sued out an injunction which was returnable on the first Tuesday of September in the Supreme Court. The contention in the injunction maintained that the building in question conformed to the established building line and the burden would rest on the town to prove the contrary. It would devolve on the town to present the history of the controversy from the very beginning.

Judge Bowers. Judge H. O. Bowers in taking the floor said that no one knew where the line was and to define it in this case would result in accurate information at least in respect to a portion of Main street. He maintained that placing the line in this instance would not affect any other cases and that there were no legal aspects. In the opinion of Mr. Bowers it was absurd for the Selectmen to vote "to go down and chop away the fronts of buildings when no one knew where the line was."

Senator Bowers. Following Judge Bowers, Senator A. E. Bowers said there was only one point of unanimity in the Select-

men's discussion of the case and that was the certainty of loss in a law suit should one ensue. He said he was the only Selectmen who favored conceding and who advocated calling a town meeting. At the point in question, Mr. Bowers said, Main street was at its widest and a concession could be made without damage to anyone concerned.

For Many Talk. Mr. G. E. Willis seemed to express the sentiments of a good many in the hall when he said that he was plainly confused by so much talk. He wanted to know why the meeting had been authorized by Judge Edward L. Smith on a writ of mandamus if it could take no legal action, as had been claimed by some. Judge Arnott responded that it was the opinion of Judge Smith that the meeting could take legal action but that this opinion was doubted by some.

In answer to a question by G. E. Keith it was explained by Mr. Rogers that the Board of Selectmen had recently voted that in the future all building lines should be given to prospective builders by the engineering department of the town. Cairns Get Laugh. It was after this that John Cairns declared that the town had been playing fast and loose with property owners in the establishment of building lines and he asked that the town have courage enough to stand up and have the matter settled by the courts. Mr. Cairns finished his remarks by exploding the meeting with the assertion that "Those two damn shacks aren't worth all this talk, anyhow." The hall was hot and stuffy and the evening had already grown too long for some of the citizens and Mr. Cairns' jocular remark brought forth a roar of laughter from those on both sides of the question.

Frank Anderson Speaks. Frank Anderson said that it looked to him as if a vote in favor of the resolution would get the town out of a law suit which it was likely to lose and that if Aaron Johnson did start a suit the town would be likely to win. Mr. Hyde closed the argument and after a short passage of sharp remarks between him and Mr. Burke the question was put to a vote.

The vote was by acclamation and there was no doubt in the mind of the chair but what the eyes had it. The chair's decision was not doubted and the resolution was declared passed.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE AWAITED BY CONGRESS

House and Senate Marking Time Until He Speaks.

GOOD SPIRIT SHOWN

Indications Are That Partisanship Will Be Laid Aside in Effort to Bring Down Cost of Living.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Congress today had cleared its decks for speedy action on the recommendations, designed to bring down the cost of living, which were to be made by President Wilson before a joint session late this afternoon.

There was every indication among both Senate and House leaders that no partisan issue would be raised over the President's suggestions, and that the committees to which they might be referred would sidetrack all other matters in order to get the quickest possible results on the President's program.

The possibility that the President might be forced to postpone his appearance because of a lack of a quorum on the House side had practically passed today with the arrival at the capital of scores of absentees of both parties. And even should a quorum be lacking, it was said that an understanding has been reached whereby the point would not be raised.

The President today had put the finishing touches on his message reported to contain some 7,000 words. He will tell in detail of the spirit of unrest that has raised its head throughout the country as a result of the constantly increasing cost of the necessities of life, and will urge immediate consideration of the program he offers.

One of the President's principal recommendations is understood to be for the enactment of legislation along the lines of the Lever Food Control Bill, under which the Department of Justice is now proceeding in its campaign against big profiteers. However, the scope of the act would be broadened to include not only foodstuffs, but practically all of the necessities of life.

Senator Gronna, of North Dakota, chairman of the Agriculture Committee of the Senate, which is dealing with the problem of living costs, announced today he would call his committee together immediately to consider the President's recommendations. "If the President has any concrete plan to offer for our consideration I shall call the committee together to begin sifting it down and getting it in shape for legislation," Senator Gronna stated today. "I am sure that I am willing to co-operate in any concrete suggestion the President may offer and I know that is the general feeling throughout Congress, because we are thoroughly aroused to the fact that this situation must be met."

LET FOOD ROT. Boston, Aug. 8.—Charges that food is being allowed to rot in Boston cold storage warehouses in order to keep up prices, were made today to the state commission on the necessities of life.

Herald Want Ads Pay

WILSON PUTS STRIKE UP TO DIRECTOR GENERAL

(Continued from Page 1.)

prevent, action altogether. The chief obstacle to a decision has been created by the men themselves. They have gone out on strike and repudiated the authority of their officers at the very moment when they were urging action in regard to various interests.

"You will remember that a conference between yourself and the authorized representatives of the men was arranged at the instance of these representatives for July 28 to discuss the wage question and the question of a national agreement, but before this conference took place or could take place, local bodies of railroad shopmen took action looking toward a strike on the first of August. As a result of this action various strikes actually took place before there was an opportunity to act in a satisfactory or conclusive way with respect to the wages.

Men Should Return. "In the presence of these strikes and the repudiation of the authority of the representatives of the organization concerned there can be no consideration of the matter in controversy. Until the employees return to work and again recognize the authority of their own organization the whole matter must be at a standstill.

"When federal control of the railroads began, the railroad administration accepted existing agreements between the shopmen's organization and the several railroad companies, and by agreement machinery was created for handling the grievances of the shopmen's organization of all the railroads, whether they had theretofore had the benefits of definite agreements or not. There can be no question, therefore, of the readiness of the government to deal in a spirit of fairness and by regular methods with any matters the men may bring to their attention.

Are Keeping Prices Up. "Concerned and very careful consideration is being given by the entire government to the question of reducing the high cost of living. I need hardly point out how intimately and directly this matter affects every individual in the nation, and if transportation is interrupted, it will be impossible to solve it. This is a time when every employee of the rails should help to make the processes of transportation more easy and economical rather than less, and employees who are on strikes are deliberately delaying a settlement of their wage problems and of their standard of living. They should promptly return to work and I hope that you will urge upon their representatives the immediate necessity for their doing so.

Cordially and sincerely yours, "WOODROW WILSON." Hines Writes to Jewell. Director-General Hines notified the unions immediately that the railroad administration was ready to take up the question, "as soon as the employees return to work."

In a letter to B. M. Jewell, acting president of the railway employees department of the American federation of labor, Mr. Hines said: "I enclose a letter which I have just received from the President relative to the wage matter. It is obvious that it is of the highest importance not only in the interests of the public but in the interests of the employees themselves that they shall immediately return to work. The situation having been clarified by the definite indication that Congress does not wish to take action in the premises, the railroad administration stands ready to take up the wage question on its merits with the duly accredited international officers and their authorized committees as soon as the employees return to work."

No General Strike. The President's decision, it was believed would be to put a sudden end to sporadic strikes throughout the country, denounced as illegal by union officials, but involving perhaps 80,000 men. It was taken for granted also that the menace of a general strike to compel higher wages to meet increased living costs likewise was removed by the President's action.

If Director-General Hines orders an increase in wages, since the railroad administration now is operating at a loss either an advance in rates or a congressional appropriation will be necessary to provide the money. Proceeding the making public of the President's letter by only a few hours was an announcement by J. F. Forrester, president of the brotherhood of clerks, freight, express and steamship employees, that the 450,000 men of the union would begin halting tomorrow and to whether they should strike immediately or await further governmental action.

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AUGUST FURNITURE SALE

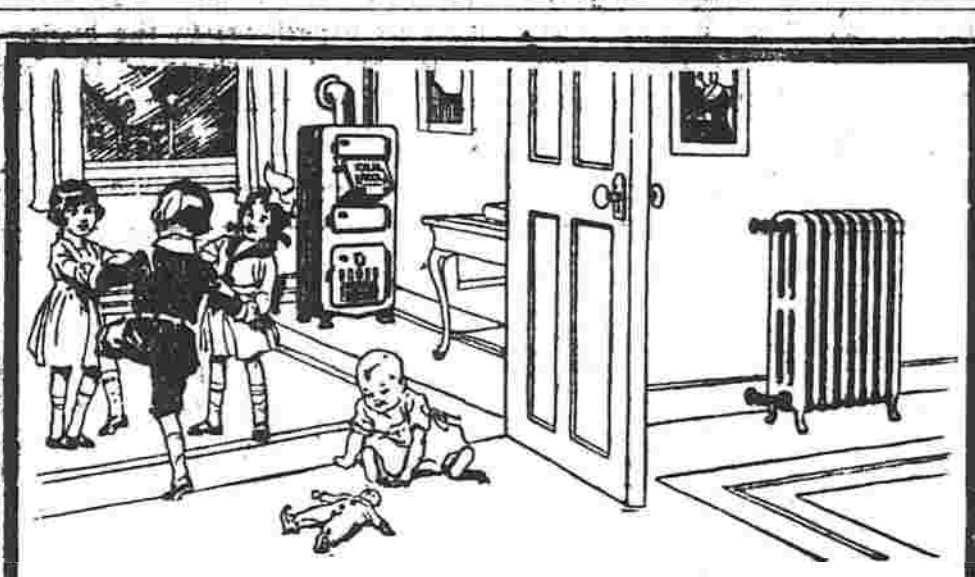
A Money-Saving Event of Greatest Importance To You.

Our August Sales have always been great events in the history of our store, but never before have we had an August Sale that means quite so much to you as this one does! Instead of advancing our retail prices to keep pace with rising costs of manufacture, we are giving you the full benefit of what we saved by our early and large purchases, and in addition to that we are offering you discounts during this great August Sale that enables you to buy furniture at retail at what the same merchandise would cost us wholesale today! Come and profit by this great event.

Your Liberty Bonds

Use them at full face value to save 10 per cent to 30 per cent on Furniture and Rugs at Herrup's August Furniture Sale.

Louis Herrup 1052-58 Main St., Near Morgan St. HARTFORD



Invitation Heating Sale

200,000 Customers Wanted WE WANT 200,000 cottage families and small storekeepers to enjoy this coming Winter the greatest bargain in IDEAL heating, made possible to ALL by the world's greatest invention.

IDEAL-Arcola Outfit, \$84.00

IDEAL-Arcola sets in room like a parlor stove, but its water-jacket distributes its stored-up heat to pipe-connected AMERICAN Radiators in adjoining rooms. Brings cost of heating down to lowest notch—and gives IDEAL healthful, cleanly, genial comfort, day and night. Lasts a lifetime.

Reduces living-cost. An investment—not an expense. Buy NOW before Fall rush begins.

Table with 3 columns: No. 1 Size IDEAL-Arcola with 100 sq. ft. of Radiation, 2 " " " 150 " " " 104, 3 " " " 200 " " " 128, 4 " " " 250 " " " 148, 5 " " " 300 " " " 171

Prices also include Expansion Tank and Drain Valve. Prices do not include labor, pipe and fittings. The radiation is of the regular 38-in. height 3-column AMERICAN Radiators, plain pattern, shipped in as many separate sizes of Radiators as needed to suit your rooms. Outfits will be shipped complete, f.o.b. our warehouse, Boston, Mass.

Sold on Installments These outfits will, if desired, be sold by all Dealers on easy payments, at 10% in advance of prices above quoted on following terms—20% with order, and balance in eleven equal monthly payments, without interest. This installment plan applies to the outfit only, and does not apply to labor, pipe and fittings.

Investigate at once. Catalog showing open views of homes, stores, offices, etc., with the IDEAL-Arcola Boiler in position will be mailed (free). Write today.

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY 129-131 Federal Street Boston

THE MANCHESTER JUNK CO. NOTICE

The high cost of living is going up, so is junk. Call the right man to get the right price. Call 654-12 William Ostrinsky 208 Oak St.

NAUGATUCK DIVISION. Bridgeport, Aug. 8.—The reduced passenger train service on the New York Division of the New Haven Road seemed to be taking care of all but commuters in fair shape today, the trains that were run being greatly enlarged and drawn by three motor-engines. All trains on the Naugatuck Division were cancelled between 11.17 a. m. and 6 p. m., and passengers for Waterbury and intermediate points were taken to the trolleys. No passenger trains had been cancelled on the Berkshire Division today. For Results Use The Herald

ABOUT TOWN

Miss Vera Ogden is spending two weeks' vacation in Boston and vicinity.

Conductor Harry Blood has returned from a two weeks' vacation spent at Old Orchard, Maine.

C. E. Johnson of Pearl street has purchased a 1919 model Ford touring car. The sale was made through the local Ford agency.

Arthur Jobert of Maple street has arrived at his home in town having been discharged from the service. Jobert was in the United States Navy.

Miss Agnes Finnegan, secretary of the local War Bureau, leaves tomorrow with the Travelers' Girls' Club for a week's stay at Ocean Beach, near New London.

Alfred Shaw of North Elm street arrived at his home in town last evening from Camp Upton where he was honorably discharged from the service. Shaw has been overseas for about a year.

Arthur Olson has entered the employ of the local branch of the Connecticut Company as a motorman. Mr. Olson served as a motorman before entering the employ of Cheney Brothers.

The Weaving Mill defeated the Spinning Mill by a score of 8 to 4 in an Industrial League game at the West side grounds last evening.

Axel Hanson employed at Cheney Brothers leaves the employ of the firm on Saturday to accept a position as motorman on the local lines of the Connecticut Company. Mr. Hanson is an ex-motorman and was employed by the trolley company a few years ago.

The final game of the series between the 14 year old boys' teams of the East and West side playgrounds is being played off at the latter grounds this afternoon. The East side won the first game on their home grounds by a score of 8 to 3, while the West side evened up in the second game at the West side grounds with a 9 to 1 victory.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Fire Commissioners will be held at the quarters of Hose Co. No. 1 on Monday evening at eight o'clock. This meeting was to have been held last week but was postponed in order that all the outstanding bills might be received before the regular annual meeting which takes place the end of the month.

John Olderman of Strickland street, who has been in the automobile repair business for nine years and has been with The Universal Auto Co. for the past seven years, will open a garage in the blacksmith shop in Nelson Court, just off Depot Square, Monday morning. His experience in the business entitles him to a share of the business of Manchester's automobile owners.

Director Weber of the West side playgrounds will spend the week end in Springfield.

William Rubinow of Rubinow's Specialty Shop has returned from a business trip in New York city.

The single men defeated the married men by a score of 15 to 13 in a baseball game played at the West side grounds last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Carter of Main street received a telegram from their son, Earl Carter, yesterday, to the effect that he had arrived at Norfolk, Va., from overseas. Carter has been in the Marines and has been overseas for the last year.

The tug of war staged at the West side playgrounds last evening between the married and single men was cut short when the married men handed in a protest. Both teams won a pull and were working on the final and deciding frame with fifteen men on each end of the rope. The captain of the married men's team discovered a reserve on the opposing end and when a count was taken there were 16 men on the single men's side!

Two of Manchester's fastest amateur organizations, the Atlas A. C. and the Crescents will clash at the Four Acres lot on Sunday afternoon in the second game of their annual series. The Atlas won the first game by a 3 to 2 score, the contest going 11 innings. The Crescents hold a victory from the Atlas team but not in this series. The batteries for the Atlas will be, Cervini and Wiganowski, while Lefty Thornton and Schaub will do mound duty for the Crescents. The game will be called at 2.30 sharp.

NEW HAVEN WALK-OUT FELT IN MANCHESTER

New York and Boston Trains To Be Discontinued During Strike.

SOME TRAINS WILL RUN

Manchester People Can Make Connections in Hartford-Trolley and Autos For Short Distances.

The railroad strike will affect Manchester today for the first time when the New York and Boston expresses will be discontinued for the time being. The only way for Manchester people to get to New York will be to go to Hartford and take a train there. The Highland Express for Boston ran on its regular schedule today. The early morning train for Boston and way stations was also on schedule time and it is thought that these trains will be continued for some time at least. Manchester will have three trains running east each day. The 5.23 a. m., the 8.56 a. m. and the evening train at 5.49. The afternoon train due here about two o'clock has been set back and will run on the Boston express time which is 5.45. The only trains running west will be the 12.17 and the 8.49 express. The evening train going east will make all stops between here and Willimantic.

The usual amount of express matter came in on the nine o'clock train this morning, and, aside from the information that the through New York and Boston expresses were to be discontinued, nothing out of the ordinary was noticed about the railroad activity. The local traffic will not be held up to any great extent by the strike as the people of Manchester travel either by trolley or by automobile.

The registrars will be in session tonight until nine o'clock at the Hall of Records for the purpose of registering voters for the primaries. Voters who have failed to enroll with either the Republican or Democratic parties can do so tonight. Voters who have once registered do not have to do so again unless they wish to change from one party to the other.

SILK HOSIERY For Saturday Only

At a Saving of 10% to 33.1-3%

Kayser Gordon Onyx Pheonix Leyton



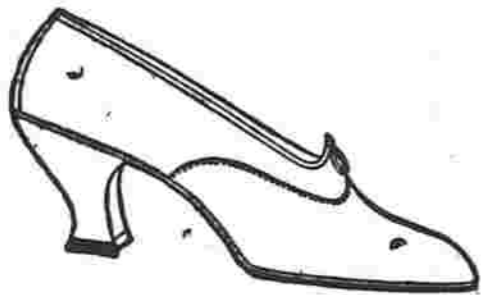
Our entire stock of high grade silk hosiery, over \$4,000 worth, is offered to you for two days at the old prices. We have already received advances that will mean 25c to \$1.00 per pair increase. We are holding all our stock at the old prices until Monday.

WE SUGGEST BUYING NOW, AT LEAST TWO OR THREE PAIRS

The J.W. Hale Company
SOUTH MANCHESTER, CONN.

CLEAN-UP SALE WHITE SHOES

You will make no mistake in buying White Shoes now. Buy for next season. You will save money.



LADIES' WHITE CANVAS PUMPS, high and low heel, seven different styles, leather soles. All to go at, pair **\$2.00**

LADIES' WHITE CANVAS PUMPS Rubber sole and heel, pair **\$2.00**

80 PAIRS LADIES' PATENT AND DULL KID PUMPS with and without straps **\$2.00**

CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS OXFORDS Closing out prices **\$1.35 to \$1.75**



CHILDREN'S DARK BROWN PLAY OXFORDS **\$1.35 to \$1.75**

BOYS' SCOUT SHOES Sizes 8-1-2 to 13 1-2. PAIR **\$2.00**



MEN'S OXFORDS, \$6 grade, black and brown, round and pointed toe **\$5.00**

MEN'S SCOUT SHOES 17 pairs to sell at, pair **\$2.75** 14 pairs to sell at \$3.00 pair.



PARK SHOE STORE

NEW JOHNSON BLOCK 697 MAIN ST.

HOFFNER-PHILLIPS.

Miss Gertrude Phillips, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Phillips, of this town, was married to Charles Hoffner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hoffner of Spruce street by Rev. Richard Peters at the parsonage of the Second Congregational Church. The couple were unattended and left for Jersey City immediately after the ceremony. After a short honeymoon they will reside in the south end.

A tenement on Summit street was advertised in last night's Herald and the owner had more than a dozen applicants for it before he went to bed last night. This little incident shows two things very plainly that there is a scarcity of good rents in Manchester and that The Evening Herald is read by the people of Manchester.

GOING TO PAINT?

Let us recommend HARRISON BROS.' PAINTS. They have given satisfactory service for two generations and you can depend on them today. HARRISON VARNISHES stand the test of time. PAINT BRUSHES AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES.

MANCHESTER PLUMBING & SUPPLY CO.
F. T. BLISH, Manager

ELMAN'S

Corner Main and Bissell Streets

Week-End Specials For SATURDAY

One article from some of the departments at cost or less than cost for one day only.

\$19.75 DRESSES \$14.75 Made from georgette crepe and taffeta.

59c LADIES' HOSIERY 49c Lady Grave mercerized drop stitch.

\$3.50 WASH SKIRTS \$1.98 20 Skirts in pique, gaberdine and sateen. All sizes.

\$1.98 MIDDY BLOUSES 59c With contrasting collar and cuffs.

69c CREPE BLOOMERS 57c White and flesh.

\$1.50 MUSLIN PETTICOATS \$1.19 Lace and Hamburg trimmed.

\$1.50 SATEEN APRONS \$1.25 Back and front.

\$2.98 VOILE-WAISTS \$2.39 In many different styles.

75c CAMISOLES 65c White only, trimmed with lace and ribbon.

\$1.00 CHILDREN'S PIQUE HATS 85c In different styles.

39c APRONS 25c Percale in many different stripes.

25c CHILDREN'S WHITE HOSIERY 19c Excellent quality. Sizes 6 to 8.

Typists are in Demand

Learn to operate a typewriter and let us place you in a position. Enter Now.

DAY OR EVENING SESSIONS

THE CONNECTICUT BUSINESS COLLEGE

Odd Fellow Building, South Manchester
G. H. WILCOX, Principal

Autoists Attention!

The Ride to Stafford Springs is Beautiful
An Excellent Menu at

The Springs House

Special Chicken Dinner Served
Sundays \$1.50

PALMER'S GARAGE

Have opened a garage and service station at the COWLES HOTEL STABLE, DEPOT SQUARE, where I am prepared to do auto repairing of all kinds. Ford work a specialty.

CHARLES R. PALMER